

BECOMING A HEALTH CENTER PROGRAM LOOK-ALIKE

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MODULE 3: Demonstrating Organizational and Operational Readiness in the Application

Module 3 Notes
Lesson 1: Overview of the LAL Initial Designation Application
Lesson 2: Understanding the Application Narrative
Lesson 3: Creating a Compelling Need Section for your LAL Application
Lesson 4: Enhancing the Rest of Your Narrative
Lesson 5: Developing Strong Forms, Attachments, and Budgets
Lesson 6: Other Best Practices for Submitting Your Application

Module 3 Activity: Reflect on Application Strengths, Weaknesses, and Plans

Whether you have started drafting your application or are still just familiarizing yourself with the guidance, it's important to identify potential areas of strength and weakness so you can leverage the strengths and mitigate the weaknesses. Use this guided reflection to consider some areas where you may be doing well, areas where you may need to focus attention, and think through your planning accordingly.

What are my application's biggest areas of strength? Some possible examples include:

- Depth of need in the community (and ability to show that through quantitative data, charts, graphs, maps, qualitative data, etc.)
- Unique operations, services, or other activities that are well-aligned to the need
- Strong collaborative relationships
- Strong QI/QA program and clinical performance
- Experienced and diverse management team, board, or other leadership

What are my application's biggest areas of weakness? Some possible examples include:

- Overlapping service area, saturation of market, or other potential reasons service area may not be viewed as high-need
- Difficulty differentiating from other health centers in terms of services, population, etc.
- Insufficient collaboration, partnerships, or support
- Insufficient QI/QA program or EHR capacity
- Challenges developing budget (e.g. insufficient internal finance capacity)

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here	might I need some help? Who might be able to assist? How will they assist?
•	Internally: who on the leadership team, staff, or board can help in which ways? <i>List out who might be able to be assigned certain roles, such as developing the budget, drafting policies, analyzing population health data, reaching out to partners, etc.</i>
•	Externally: might I be able to get support from NACHC, my state PCA, a partner organization, or a consultant or grant writer? What types of help do I need from them? <i>List out who might be able to provide data analysis, technical assistance, budgetary guidance, grant writing support, letters of collaboration, etc.</i>
ow m	night I leverage my strengths or mitigate these weaknesses? What are my next steps?
•	Example #1: to strengthen need section and highlight a specific need, we will add interviews with

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- partners serving a specific sub-population (e.g. homeless individuals, refugees, etc.). We will reach out to these partners for interviews.
- Example #2: to resolve technical challenges developing a HRSA-compliant budget, we will contact our state PCA for recommendations of consultants we can engage or trainings we can attend.

Module 3 Additional Readings/Resources

- Application Components part of guidance (pgs. 10-46)
 https://bphc.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/bphc/programopportunities/lookalike/pdfs/LALidinstructions.pdf
- 2. Sample application components on the HRSA TA site
- 3. EHBs User Guide
- 4. Performance Measures Crosswalk
- 5. Sample Clinical Performance Measures Form
- 6. HRSA-Scope of Project
- 7. <u>UDS Mapper</u>
- 8. MUA/MUP Find
- 9. Health Center Self-Assessment Worksheet for Form 5A
- 10. Form 5A service delivery method descriptors
- 11. Form 5A services descriptors
- 12. Strategic Partnerships that can provide Training and Technical Assistance
- 13. Find your local State Primary Care Association