

Learning Collaborative on Using Data to Improve Care

Session 2

Friday, April 8, 2022

THE NACHC MISSION

America's Voice for Community Health Care

The National Association of Community Health Centers (NACHC) was founded in 1971 to promote efficient, high quality, comprehensive health care that is accessible, culturally and linguistically competent, community directed, and patient centered for all.



Recording Disclaimer

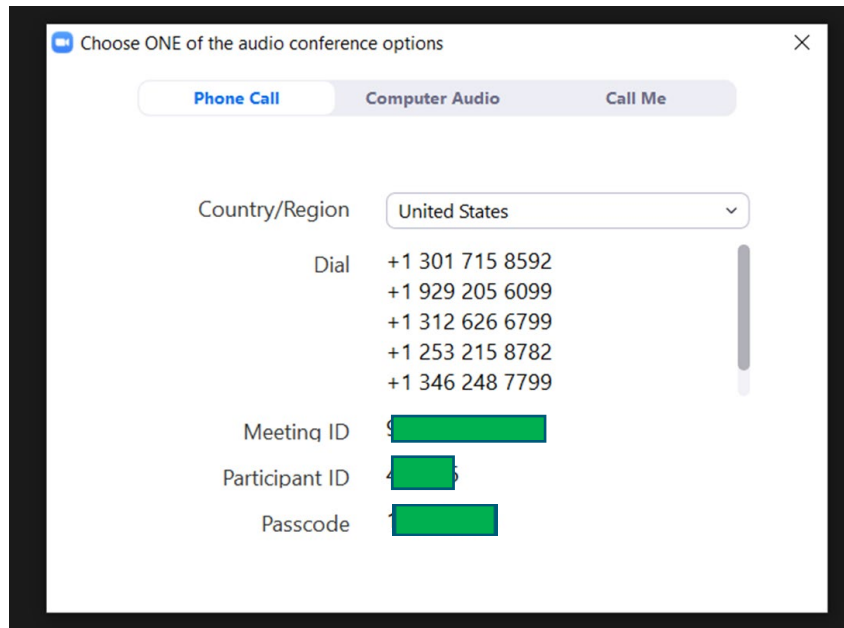
- This Zoom Meeting service includes a feature that allows audio and any documents and other materials exchanged or viewed during the session to be recorded
- By joining this session, you automatically consent to such recordings



AUDIO CONNECTIONS

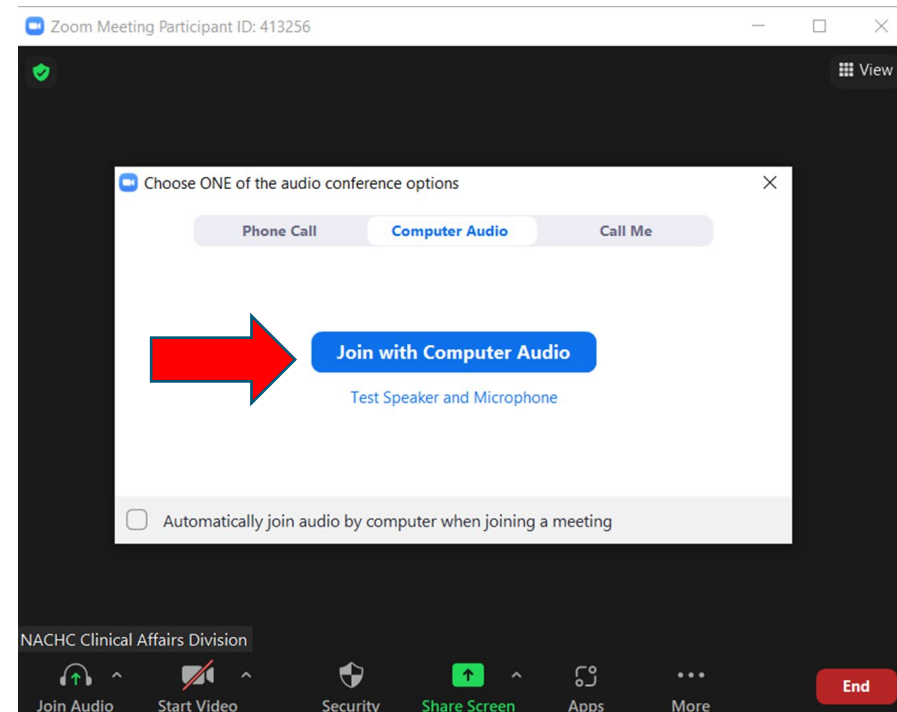
Option 1: “Phone Call”

Follow the unique process on your screen using your phone

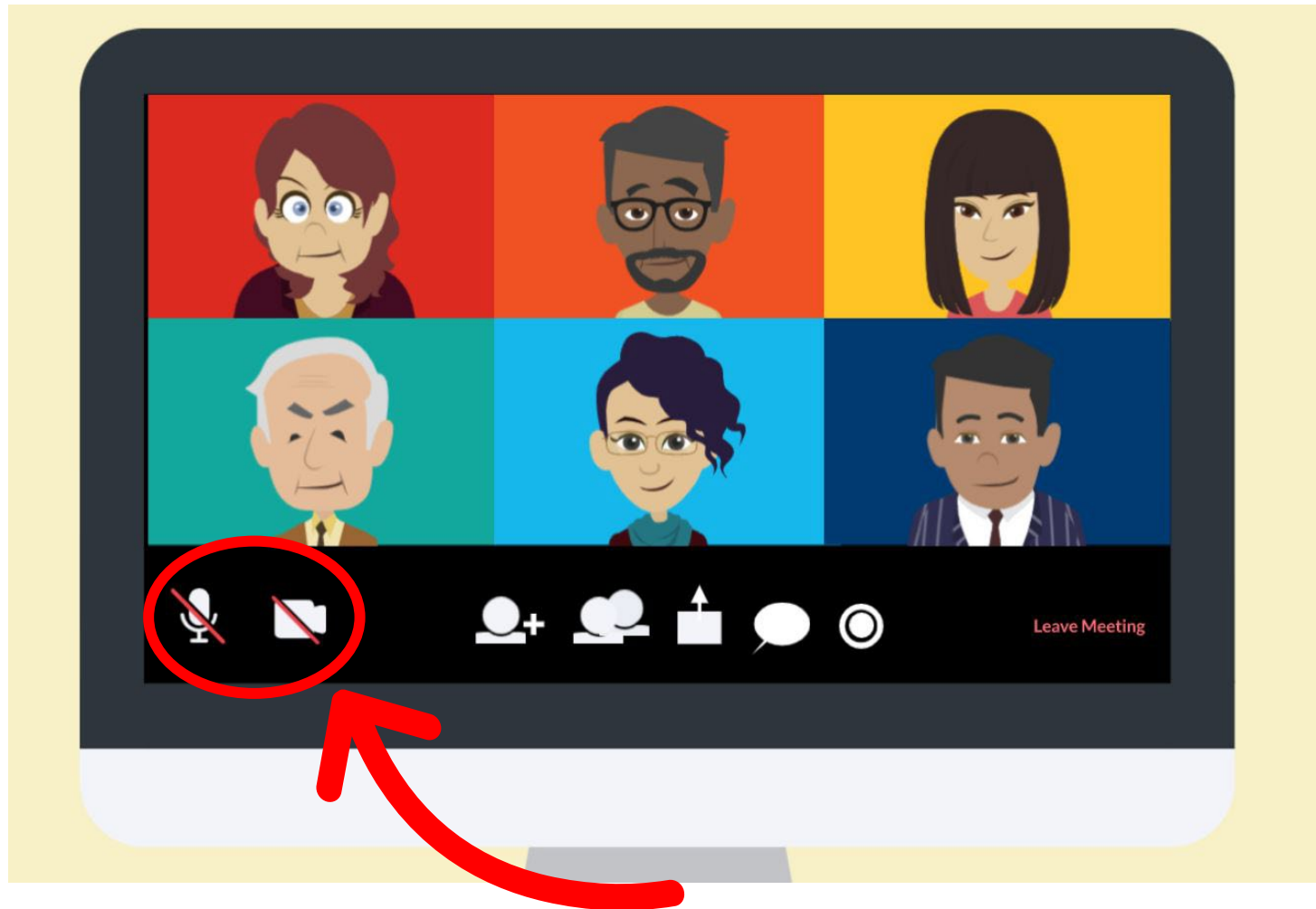


Option 2: “Call Using Computer Audio”

You must have computer speakers and a microphone



MUTE / VIDEO



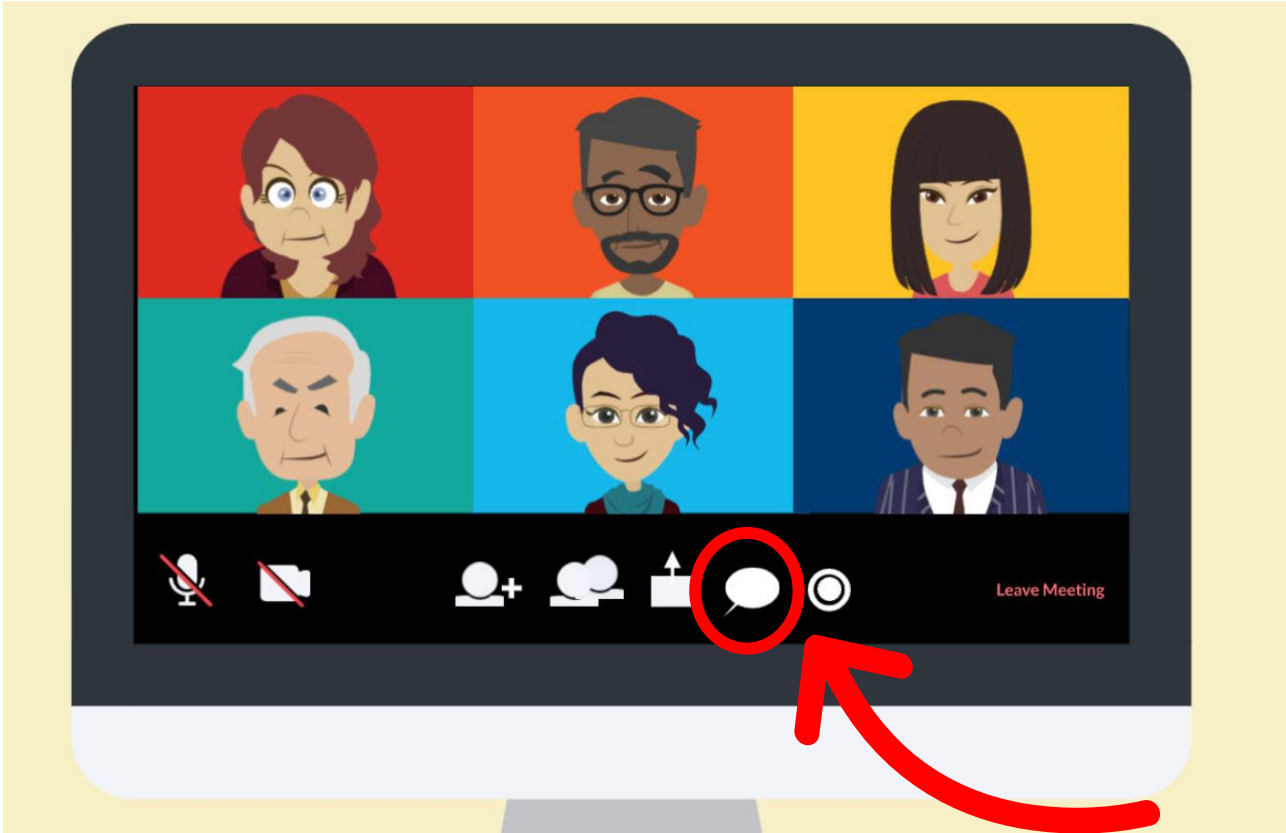
1. Mute

Please only unmute yourself if you are going to speak, and then immediately mute yourself again.

2. Start Video

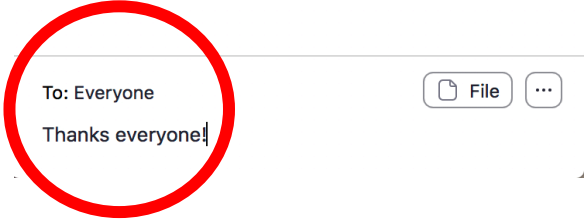
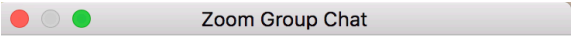
Please share your video as much as possible.

CHAT BOX



Chat Box

Type in the chat box and press “Enter” or use it to read the chat



Friendly Reminders

- Today's Event is being **RECORDED**
- Please keep your audio line **MUTED**
- The **CHATBOX** is open for the duration of this event
- Questions from the **CHAT BOX** will be answered after the presentation is completed.
- We will have **POLLING QUESTIONS** for you to vote on today!



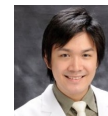
Communicate, Collaborate, Interoperate! Harmonize Data via the United States Core Data for Interoperability Version 3 (USCDIv3)

**SOGI, Tribal Affiliation, Date of Death,
Occupation, Industry, Health Insurance,
Social Determinants of Health**



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AGENDA

1

Recap: USCDI: Why does it matter?

2

Sexual Orientation
Gender Identity

3

Tribal Affiliation
Date of Death

4

Occupation and Industry
Health Insurance

5

SDoH: Assessment
SDoH: Goals and Data Class

6

Discussion/ Q&A and Next Steps

OBJECTIVES

1. Explore specific USCDIv3 content (SOGI, SDoH, etc.)
2. Provide examples and templates and invite participants to give NACHC feedback to optimize our own comments to ONC
3. Provide insight and materials to support our partners making submissions to the USCDI

Core Principles



Comprises a core set of data needed to support patient care and facilitate patient access using health IT

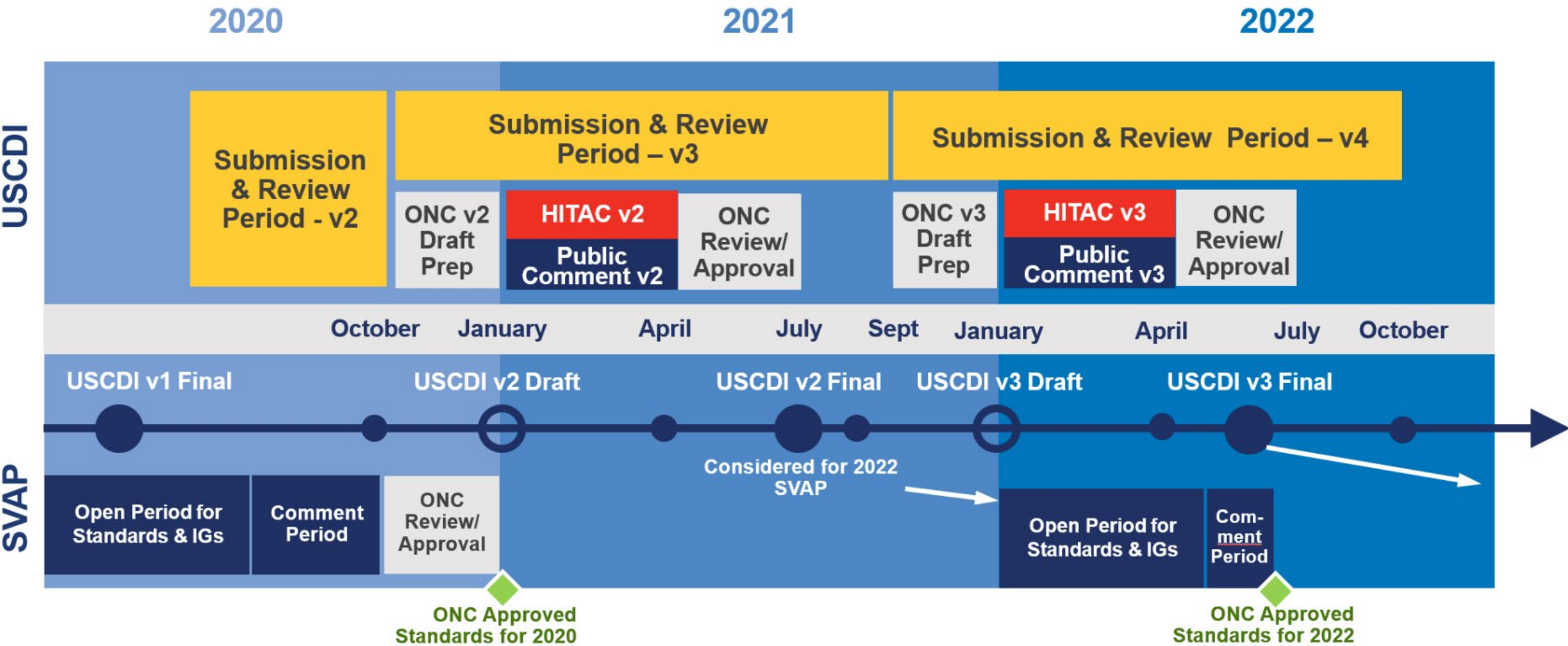
Establishes a consistent baseline of data for other use cases

Expands over time via a predictable, transparent, and collaborative **public** process

Why USCDI Matters

- New standard in the ONC Cures Act Final Rule in 2020
- Required for new Certification Criterion (application programming interface (API) to access patient data, using FHIR® US Core
- USCDI v1 replaces the Common Clinical Data Set in these Certification Criteria, using C-CDA or US Core:
 - Transitions of Care documents (create, send, and receive)
 - Clinical Information reconciliation and incorporation
 - Patient View, Download, and Transmit of their health data
 - Electronic case reporting to public health agencies
 - Create C-CDA document
 - Access to data via APIs
- USCDI defines “Electronic Health Information” (for now)

USCDI Version Update Process



USCDI Version 1

Allergies and Intolerances

- Substance (Medication)
- Substance (Drug Class)
- Reaction

Assessment and Plan of Treatment

- Assessment and Plan of Treatment

Care Team Members

- Care Team Members

Clinical Notes

- Consultation Note
- Discharge Summary Note
- History & Physical
- Imaging Narrative
- Laboratory Report Narrative
- Pathology Report Narrative
- Procedure Note
- Progress Note

Goals

- Patient Goals

Health Concerns

- Health Concerns

Immunizations

- Immunizations

Laboratory

- Tests
- Values/Results

Medications

- Medications

Patient Demographics

- First Name
- Last Name
- Previous Name
- Middle Name (including Middle Initial)
- Suffix
- Birth Sex
- Date of Birth
- Race
- Ethnicity
- Preferred Language
- Current Address
- Previous Address
- Phone Number
- Phone Number Type
- Email Address

Problems

- Problems

Procedures

- Procedures

Provenance

- Author Time Stamp
- Author Organization

Smoking Status

- Smoking Status

Unique Device Identifier(s) for a Patient's Implantable Device(s)

- Unique Device Identifier(s) for a Patient's Implantable Device(s)

Vital Signs

- Diastolic Blood Pressure
- Systolic Blood Pressure
- Body Height
- Body Weight
- Heart Rate
- Respiratory Rate
- Body Temperature
- Pulse Oximetry
- Inhaled Oxygen Concentration
- BMI Percentile (2 - 20 Years)
- Weight-for-length Percentile (Birth - 36 Months)
- Head Occipital-frontal Circumference Percentile (Birth - 36 Months)

USCDI Version 2

Allergies and Intolerances

- Substance (Medication)
- Substance (Drug Class)
- Reaction

Assessment and Plan of Treatment

- Assessment and Plan of Treatment
- SDOH Assessment

Care Team Member(s)

- Care Team Member Name
- Care Team Member Identifier
- Care Team Member Role
- Care Team Member Location
- Care Team Member Telecom

Clinical Notes

- Consultation Note
- Discharge Summary Note
- History & Physical
- Procedure Note
- Progress Note

Clinical Tests

- Clinical Test
- Clinical Test Result/Report

Diagnostic Imaging

- Diagnostic Imaging Test
- Diagnostic Imaging Report

Encounter Information

- Encounter Type
- Encounter Diagnosis
- Encounter Time
- Encounter Location
- Encounter Disposition

Goals

- Patient Goals
- SDOH Goals

Health Concerns

- Health Concerns

Immunizations

- Immunizations

Laboratory

- Tests
- Values/Results

Medications

- Medications

Patient Demographics

- First Name
- Last Name
- Previous Name
- Middle Name (including Middle Initial)
- Suffix
- Sex (Assigned at Birth)
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender Identity
- Date of Birth
- Race
- Ethnicity
- Preferred Language
- Current Address
- Previous Address
- Phone Number
- Phone Number Type
- Email Address

Problems

- Problems
- SDOH Problems/Health Concerns
- Date of Diagnosis
- Date of Resolution

Procedures

- Procedures
- SDOH Interventions

Provenance

- Author Time Stamp
- Author Organization

Smoking Status

- Smoking Status

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New Data Classes and Elements in Draft USCDI v3

Health Insurance Information ★

- Coverage Status
- Coverage Type
- Relationship to Subscriber
- Member Identifier
- Subscriber Identifier
- Group Number
- Payer Identifier

Health Status ★

- Functional Status
- Disability Status
- Mental Function
- Pregnancy Status

Laboratory

- Specimen Type
- Result Status

Patient Demographics

- Date of Death
- Tribal Affiliation
- Related Person's Name
- Related Person's Relationship
- Occupation
- Occupation Industry

Procedures

- Reason for Referral

Key: ★ New Data Class

USCDI establishes a minimum set of data classes that are required to be interoperable nationwide

Designed to be expanded in an iterative and predictable way over time

The USCDI ONC New Data Element and Class (ONDEC) Submission System supports this process.

ONC will accept submissions for USCDI Draft v3 through **April 30, 2022**

Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

CDC

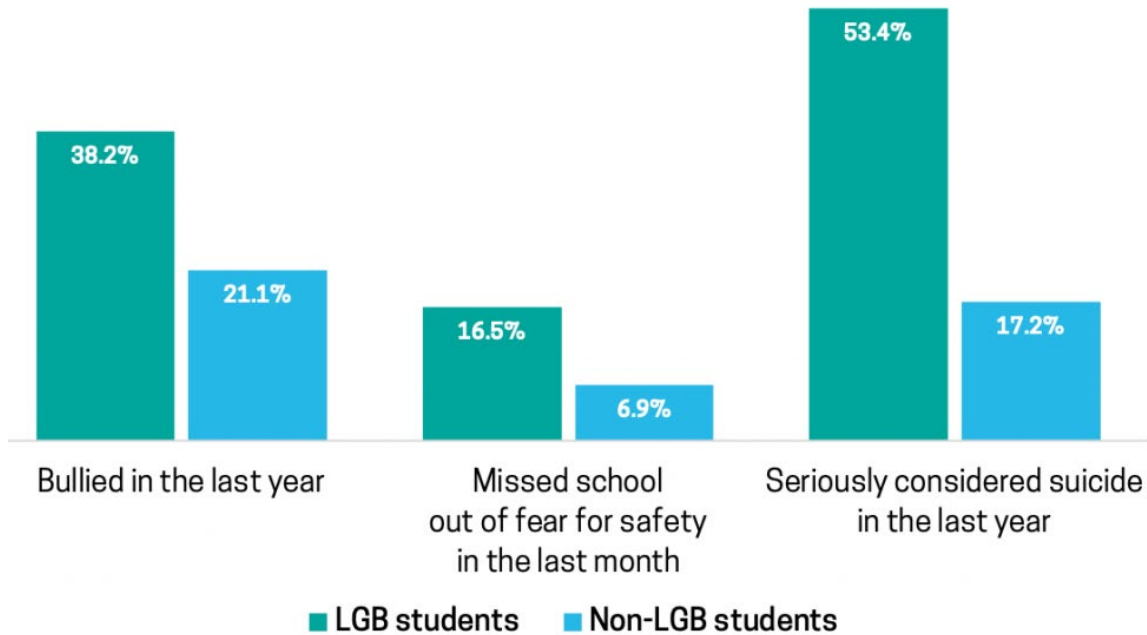
Collecting SO/GI data is essential to providing high-quality, patient-centered care for transgender people. SO/GI data can be collected in several ways:

1. Information can be obtained through patient portals and transmitted to an individual's EHR.
2. Questions can be included on registration forms for all patients as part of the demographic section along with information about race, ethnicity, and date of birth.
3. Providers and their care team can ask questions during the patient visit, for instance, as part of a social or sexual-history discussion.

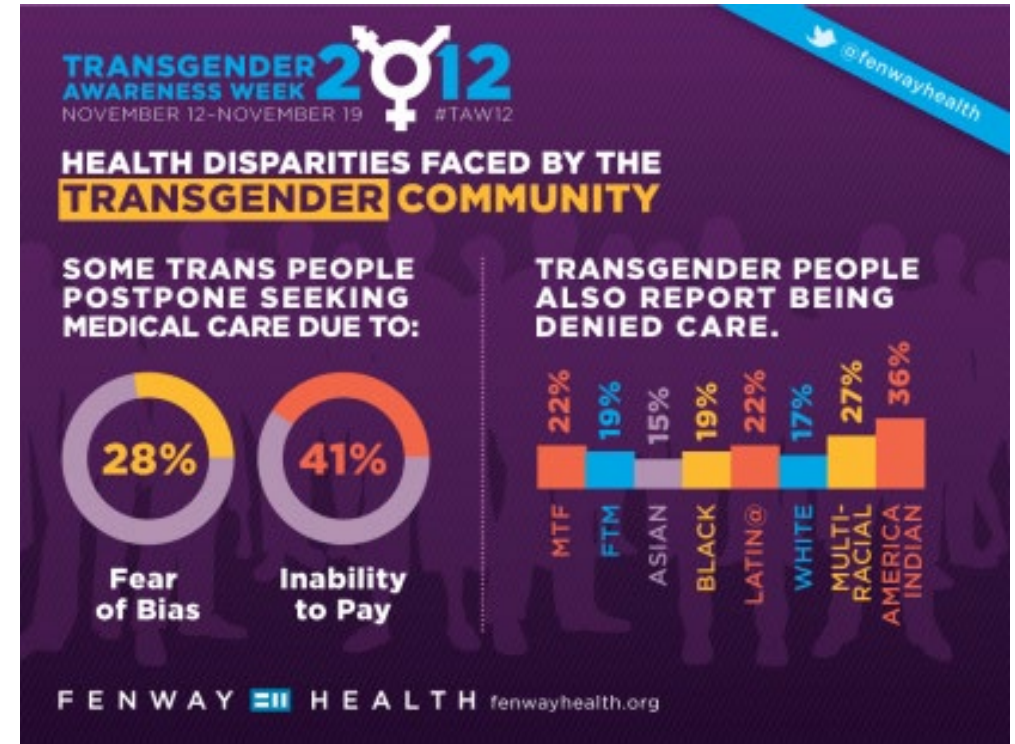
The USCDiv1 does not have SOGI as a requirement, however USCDiv2 and several federal reporting systems , including HRSA's UDS and Ryan White Reporting (RSR) require this data to be submitted

Sexual Orientation

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS IN MICHIGAN, BY SEXUAL ORIENTATION



Gender identity



USCDI V1
USCDI V2
Draft USCDI V3
Level 2
Level 1
Comment

Data Element

Sexual Orientation

A person's identification of their emotional, romantic, sexual, or affectional attraction to another person

Additional Information

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

Sexual orientation must be coded in accordance with SNOMED CT® and HL7 Version 3 Standard, Value Sets for AdministrativeGender and NullFlavor, attributed as follows:

- Lesbian, gay or homosexual. 38628009
- Straight or heterosexual. 20430005
- Bisexual. 42035005
- Something else, please describe. nullFlavor OTH
- Don't know. nullFlavor UNK
- Choose not to disclose. nullFlavor ASKU

Adopted at 45 CFR 170.207(o)(1)

Representing Patient-Identified Sexual Orientation



Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard for observations	LOINC®	Final	Production	●●○○○	No	Free	N/A
Standard for observation values	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	●●○○○	Yes	Free	N/A
Standard for observation values	HL7® Version 3 Null Flavor	Final	Production	●●●○○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ An article in JAMIA provides helpful information for planning and implementing sexual orientation and gender identity data collection in electronic health records. ▪ See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. ▪ For more information about observations and observation values, see Appendix III for an informational resource developed by the Health IT Standards Committee. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LOINC® code: 76690-7 Sexual orientation ▪ ONC's 2015 Edition certification requirements reference the following value set for sexual orientation. Codes from (i) through (iii) are SNOMED CT® and (iv) through (vi) are from HL7 Version 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ (i) <i>Lesbian, gay or homosexual</i>.38628009 ▪ (ii) <i>Straight or heterosexual</i>. 20430005 ▪ (iii) <i>Bisexual</i>. 42035005 ▪ (iv) <i>Something else, please describe</i>.nullFlavor OTH ▪ (v) <i>Don't know</i>. nullFlavor UNK ▪ (vi) <i>Choose not to disclose</i>. nullFlavor ASKU ▪ SNOMED CT® code: Sexually attracted to neither male nor female sex 765288000 (Not required in ONC's 2015 Edition certification requirements)

LOINC CODE
76690-7

LONG COMMON NAME
Sexual orientation

Example Answer List LL3323-4

Source: Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology

Answer	Code	Score	Answer ID
Bisexual © http://snomed.info/sct ID:42035005 Bisexual (finding)			LA22877-7
Heterosexual © http://snomed.info/sct ID:20430005 Heterosexual (finding)			LA22876-9
Homosexual © http://snomed.info/sct ID:38628009 Homosexual (finding)			LA22875-1
Other			LA46-8
Asked but unknown			LA20384-6
Unknown © http://snomed.info/sct ID:261665006 Unknown (qualifier value)			LA4489-6

Sexual Orientation: NACHC Response

NACHC believes sexual orientation is a core component of many patients' identities. However, it is also associated with serious health inequity and health disparities. Furthermore, it is clinically relevant to a number of domains of sexual health, trauma and interpersonal violence, substance abuse and mental health risk factors.

We strongly support the requirement for sexual orientation data to be captured in a standardized way in EHRs to support patients' identities, reduce health disparities and facilitate effective clinical risk that may be modified by sexual orientation.

- USCDI V1
- USCDI V2
- Draft USCDI V3
- Level 2
- Level 1
- Comment

Data Element

Gender Identity
 A person's internal sense of being a man, woman, both, or neither.

Additional Information

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

Gender Identify must be coded in accordance with SNOMED CT® and HL7 Version 3 Standard, Value Sets for AdministrativeGender and NullFlavor, attributed as follows:

- Male. 446151000124109
- Female. 446141000124107
- Female-to-Male (FTM)/Transgender Male/Trans Man. 407377005
- Male-to-Female (MTF)/Transgender Female/Trans Woman. 407376001
- Genderqueer, neither exclusively male nor female. 446131000124102
- Additional gender category or other, please specify. nullFlavor OTH
- Choose not to disclose. nullFlavor ASKU

Adopted at 45 CFR 170.207(o)(2)

[View Submission +](#)

Representing Patient Gender Identity



Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard for observations	LOINC®	Final	Production	●●●○○	No	Free	N/A
Standard for observation values	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	●●●○○	Yes	Free	N/A
Standard for observation values	HL7® Version 3 Null Flavor	Final	Production	●●●○○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ An article in JAMIA provides helpful information for planning and implementing sexual orientation and gender identity data collection in electronic health records. ▪ Even though clinicians and their patients would benefit from having these data in patient records, this does not suggest that it is the sole responsibility of clinicians and their staffs to collect these sensitive data. ▪ When patients provide a response to this question in a patient portal, it could contradict with the information collected by providers. ▪ See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. ▪ For more information about observations and observation values, see Appendix II for an informational resource developed by the Health IT Standards Committee. ▪ The Gender Harmony Project is updating the representation of several sex-related concepts, including gender identity. Their proposed value set (extensible for other use cases) for gender identity does not include the concepts of Female-to-Male (FTM)/Transgender Male/Trans Man, Male-to-Female (MTF)/Transgender Female/Trans Woman, or Additional gender category or other, please specify. HL7 Version 3 code: OTH that are included in the ONC value set which was established in regulation and incorporated by reference. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Gender identity. LOINC® code: 76691-5 ▪ Male. SNOMED CT® code 446151000124109 ▪ Female. SNOMED CT® code 446141000124107 ▪ Female-to-Male (FTM)/Transgender Male/Trans Man. SNOMED CT® code: 407377005 ▪ Male-to-Female (MTF)/Transgender Female/Trans Woman. SNOMED CT® code: 407376001 ▪ Identifies as non-conforming gender (SNOMED CT (US) synonyms include: Genderqueer; Identifies as neither exclusively male nor female, Non-binary gender) SNOMED CT® code: 446131000124102 ▪ Additional gender category or other, please specify. HL7 Version 3 code: OTH ▪ Choose not to disclose. HL7 Version 3 code: ASKU

LOINC CODE 76691-5	LONG COMMON NAME Gender identity																																
<p style="font-size: 0.8em; margin: 0;">Example Answer List LL3322-6</p> <p style="font-size: 0.7em; margin: 0;">Source: Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: 0.7em;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Answer</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Code</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Score</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Answer ID</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Identifies as male © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446151000124109 Identifies as male gender (finding)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA22878-5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Identifies as female © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446141000124107 Identifies as female gender (finding)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA22879-3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Female-to-male transsexual © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:407377005 Female-to-male transsexual (finding)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA22880-1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Male-to-female transsexual © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:407376001 Male-to-female transsexual (finding)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA22881-9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Identifies as non-conforming © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446131000124102 Identifies as non-conforming gender (finding)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA22882-7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA46-8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Asked but unknown</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>LA20384-6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Answer	Code	Score	Answer ID	Identifies as male © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446151000124109 Identifies as male gender (finding)			LA22878-5	Identifies as female © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446141000124107 Identifies as female gender (finding)			LA22879-3	Female-to-male transsexual © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:407377005 Female-to-male transsexual (finding)			LA22880-1	Male-to-female transsexual © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:407376001 Male-to-female transsexual (finding)			LA22881-9	Identifies as non-conforming © http://snomed.info/sct/ID:446131000124102 Identifies as non-conforming gender (finding)			LA22882-7	Other			LA46-8	Asked but unknown			LA20384-6
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Gender Identity: NACHC Response

NACHC believes gender identity is a foundational component of patient identity. It is also associated with serious health inequities and disparities. Furthermore, it is clinically relevant to a number of clinical domains including sexual health, cancer risk, trauma and interpersonal violence, substance abuse and mental health risk factors. We strongly support the requirement for gender identity data to be captured in a standardized way in EHRs to support patients' identities, reduce health disparities and facilitate effective clinical assessments.

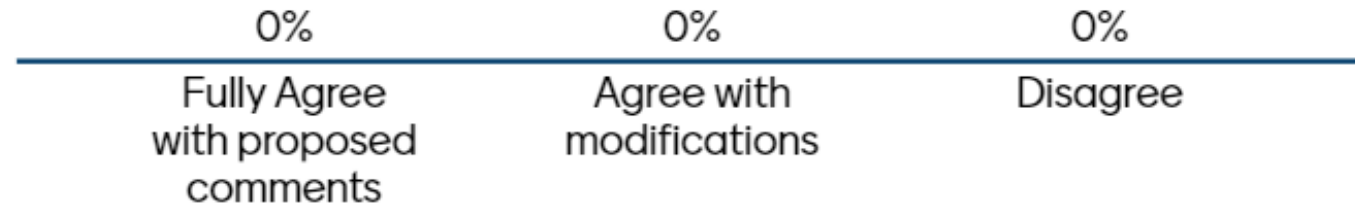
NACHC believes the long-term approach should align with the work of the Gender Harmony Working Group; however, this work is likely not mature enough to be promoted to USCDIv3. Therefore, we propose for USCDIv3 an interim approach of removing the codes from the Gender Identity value set and retaining the remainder:

- Female-to-Male (FTM)/Transgender Male/Trans Man. 407377005
- Male-to-Female (MTF)/Transgender Female/Trans Woman. 407376001

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693

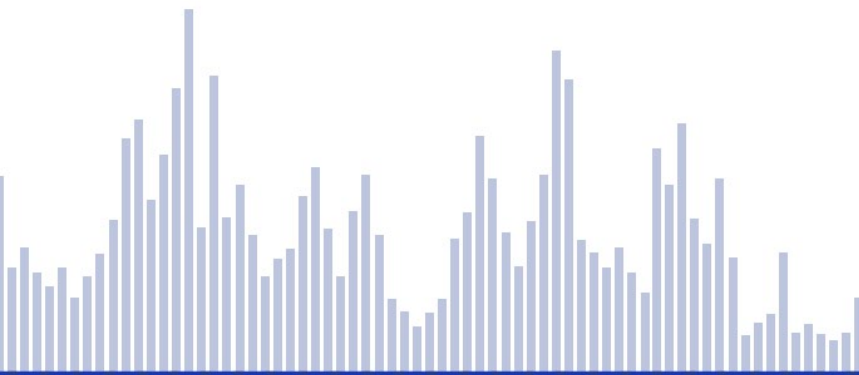


Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity



TECHNICAL REPORT

A Guide to the Collection of Occupational Data for Health: Tips for Health IT System Developers



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Occupation and Industry

Representing Job, Usual Work, and Other Work Information



Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard for observations	LOINC®	Final	Production	●○○○○	No	Free	N/A
Standard for observation values	Occupational Data for Health (ODH) Code System	Balloted Draft	Pilot	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard for observation values	CDC Census 2010 Industry and Occupation System	Balloted Draft	Pilot	●○○○○	No	Free	Yes
Implementation Specification	HL7 EHRS-FM Release 2: Functional Profile; Work and Health, Release 1 – US Realm	Balloted Draft	Feedback requested	Feedback Requested	No	Free	

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Security Patterns for Consideration
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Self-reported, structured and standardized work history has broad applicability to healthcare as part of the medical record and is suitable for many use cases supporting patient care, population health, and public health. ▪ An Information Model, Occupational Data for Health (ODH), supports the collection and classification of Work Information in health IT systems and has been published in JAMIA. ▪ The ODH industry value set includes the search-friendly terms from the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) index with the respective category. The terms in this value set are relatable to the general public. ▪ The ODH occupation value set includes the search-friendly terms from the Occupational Information Network-Standard Occupational Classification (O*NET-SOC) system alternate titles with the respective category. The terms in this value set are relatable to the general public. ▪ NIOSH has prepared A Guide to the Collection of Occupational Data for Health to provide tips to health IT system developers seeking to implement work concepts. 	<p>Representing Industry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Past or Present Industry Question (LOINC code 86188-0) ▪ Usual Industry Question (LOINC code 21844-6) ▪ PHVS_Industry_NAICS_Detail_ODH (urn:oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7900) ▪ PHVS_Industry_CDC_Census2010 codes (urn:oid:2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7187) <p>Representing Occupation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Past or Present Occupation Question (LOINC 11341-5) ▪ Usual Occupation Question (LOINC 21843-8) ▪ PHVS_Occupation_CDC_ONETSOC_Detail_ODH (urn: oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7901) ▪ PHVS_Occupation_CDC_Census2010 codes (urn:oid:2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7186) <p>Representing Employment Status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Employment Status Question (LOINC 74165-2) ▪ PHVS_EmploymentStatus_ODH (urn:oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7129) <p>Representing Work Schedule</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Work Schedule Question (LOINC 74159-5) ▪ PHVS_WorkSchedule_ODH (urn:oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7130) <p>Representing Work Classification</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Work Classification Question (LOINC 85104-8) ▪ PHVS_WorkClassification_ODH (urn:oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7597) <p>Representing Job Supervisory Level or Pay Grade</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Supervisory Level or Pay Grade Question (LOINC: 87707-6) ▪ PHVS_JobSupervisoryLevelorPayGrade_ODH (unr:oid: 2.16.840.1.114222.4.11.7613)

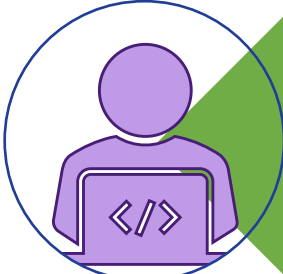

Industry

Concept Code	Concept Name	Preferred Concept Name	Code System	Value Set
311611.000001	Abattoirs [Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering]	Abattoirs [Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
621410.000002	Abortion clinics [Family Planning Centers]	Abortion clinics [Family Planning Centers]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
334519.000003	Abrasion testing machines manufacturing [Other Measuring and Controlling Device Manufacturing]	Abrasion testing machines manufacturing [Other Measuring and Controlling Device Manufacturing]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
339114.000004	Abrasive points, wheels, and disks, dental, manufacturing [Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing]	Abrasive points, wheels, and disks, dental, manufacturing [Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
327910.000005	Abrasive products manufacturing [Abrasive Product Manufacturing]	Abrasive products manufacturing [Abrasive Product Manufacturing]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
212322.000006	Abrasive sand quarrying and/or beneficiating [Industrial Sand Mining]	Abrasive sand quarrying and/or beneficiating [Industrial Sand Mining]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
212399.000007	Abrasive stones (e.g., emery, grindstones, hones, pumice) mining and/or beneficiating [All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining]	Abrasive stones (e.g., emery, grindstones, hones, pumice) mining and/or beneficiating [All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
423840.000008	Abrasives merchant wholesalers [Industrial Supplies Merchant Wholesalers]	Abrasives merchant wholesalers [Industrial Supplies Merchant Wholesalers]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
212399.000009	Abrasives, natural, mining and/or beneficiating [All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining]	Abrasives, natural, mining and/or beneficiating [All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)
322121.000010	Absorbent paper stock manufacturing [Paper (except Newsprint) Mills]	Absorbent paper stock manufacturing [Paper (except Newsprint) Mills]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Industry NAICS Detail (ODH)

Occupation

Concept Code	Concept Name	Preferred Concept Name	Code System	Value Set
15-1132.00.000001	.NET Developer [Software Developers, Applications]	.NET Developer [Software Developers, Applications]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
15-1131.00.000002	.NET Programmer [Computer Programmers]	.NET Programmer [Computer Programmers]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
51-5112.00.000003	1st Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	1st Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
51-5112.00.000004	1st Pressman On Web Press [Printing Press Operators]	1st Pressman On Web Press [Printing Press Operators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
25-2011.00.000005	2 Year Olds Preschool Teacher [Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education]	2 Year Olds Preschool Teacher [Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
39-3011.00.000006	21 Dealer [Gaming Dealers]	21 Dealer [Gaming Dealers]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
51-5112.00.000007	2nd Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	2nd Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1014.00.000008	3D Animator [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	3D Animator [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1013.00.000010	3D Artist (Three Dimensional Artist) [Fine Artists, Including Painters, Sculptors, and Illustrators]	3D Artist (Three Dimensional Artist) [Fine Artists, Including Painters, Sculptors, and Illustrators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1014.00.000009	3D Artist [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	3D Artist [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1014.00.000011	3D Designer (Three-dimensional Designer) [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	3D Designer (Three-dimensional Designer) [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1014.00.000012	3D Modeler (Three-dimensional Modeler) [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	3D Modeler (Three-dimensional Modeler) [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
27-1014.00.000013	3D Specialist [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	3D Specialist [Multimedia Artists and Animators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
29-2034.00.000014	3D Technologist [Radiologic Technologists]	3D Technologist [Radiologic Technologists]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)
51-5112.00.000015	3rd Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	3rd Pressman [Printing Press Operators]	Occupational Data for Health (ODH)	Occupation ONETSOC Detail (ODH)

“Occupation” and “Industry” Are Key Concepts About Work– And Must Be In Context

	Job (Past or Present)	Usual Work
Public Health Use	Electronic case reporting (eCR)	Cancer reporting Vital records death reporting eCR
 Occupation Type of work	LOINC 11341-5 History of Occupation	LOINC 21843-8 Usual Occupation
 Industry Type of business	LOINC 861880-0 Occupation Industry	LOINC 21844-6 Usual Industry

Patient Care Example

Leverage
knowledge of
the patient's
occupation to
achieve better
outcomes

- Consider diseases such as Lyme Disease in patients working outdoors, such as agricultural workers
- Evaluate truck drivers' medication use
- Evaluate need for accommodations during pregnancy
- Assist patient in successful return to work after illness or injury

Leverage *job occupations and job industries* among patients to address pertinent health concerns

Provide useful educational materials in the patient's primary language

Establish screening for early recognition of work-related illness/injury

Provide public-facing workers with vaccinations for COVID-19

Electronically report work-related conditions as required

Recognize new associations between work and health

Support research into the relationships between work and health

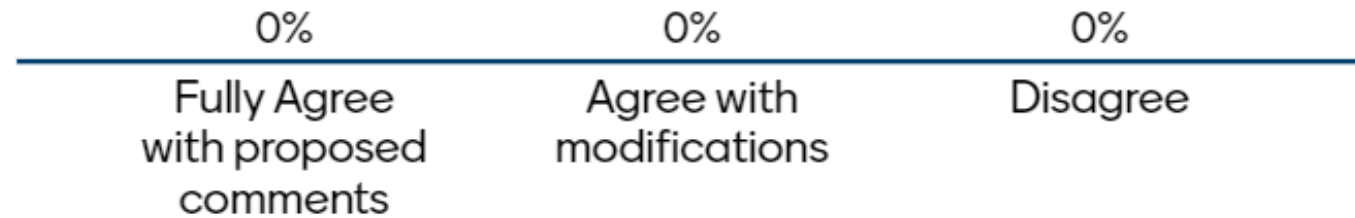
Occupation and Industry: NACHC Response

NACHC believes occupational health is central to understanding patient risk and context in a patient-centered way.

We firmly support the use of the code systems and codes described by NIOSH and we can further state we are working with 3 clinical organizations using 3 different EHRs to implement these codes in production at this time.

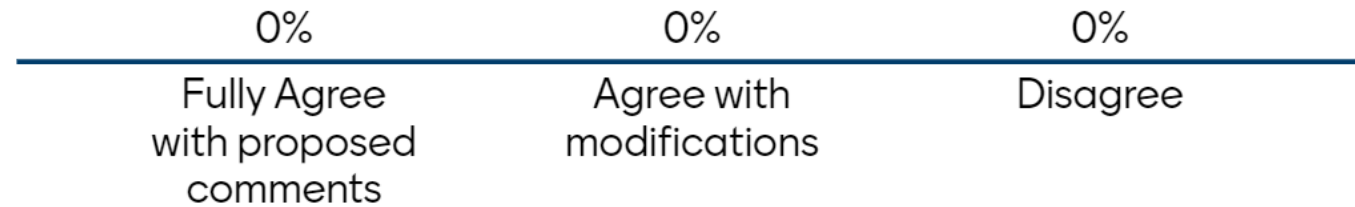
Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693

Occupation



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693

Industry



Tribal Affiliation

USCDI V1	USCDI V2	Draft USCDI V3	Level 2	Level 1	Comment
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Data Element	Additional Information
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Tribal Affiliation

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

HL7 FHIR: US Public Health Tribal Affiliation extension HL7 CDA: Tribal Affiliation template HL7 Value Set: TribalEntityUS

[View Submission +](#)

Submitted By: Laura Conn	
Data Element Information	
Use Case Description(s)	
Use Case Description	Health Equity Strategy
Estimated number of stakeholders capturing, accessing using or exchanging	As of 2019, there were an estimated 5.7 million people who were classified as American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) alone or in combination with one or more other races. This racial group comprises 1.7 percent of the total U.S. population.
Link to use case project page	https://www.cdc.gov/ecr/index.html
Healthcare Aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improving patient experience of care (quality and/or satisfaction) Improving the health of populations Improving provider experience of care
Maturity of Use and Technical Specifications for Data Element	
Applicable Standard(s)	HL7 FHIR: US Public Health Tribal Affiliation extension HL7 CDA: Tribal Affiliation template HL7 Value Set: TribalEntityUS https://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product_brief.cfm?product_id=519 https://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product_brief.cfm?product_id=436 http://terminology.hl7.org/ValueSet/v3-TribalEntityUS
Additional Specifications	HL7 FHIR® Implementation Guide: Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) based on FHIR R4 HL7 CDA® R2 Implementation Guide: Public Health Case Report - the Electronic Initial Case Report (eICR) HL7 FHIR: US Public Health Tribal Affiliation extension HL7 CDA: Tribal Affiliation template
Current Use	Extensively used in production environments
Supporting Artifacts	Soon to be published: HL7 FHIR® Implementation Guide: Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) STU Release 2 Soon to be published: HL7 CDA® R2 Implementation Guide: Public Health Case Report - the Electronic Initial Case Report (eICR) Release 1, STU Release 3.0 https://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product_brief.cfm?product_id=519 https://www.hl7.org/implement/standards/product_brief.cfm?product_id=436
Number of organizations/individuals with which this data element has been electronically exchanged	5 or more. This data element has been tested at scale between multiple different production environments to support the majority of anticipated stakeholders.

Official URL: http://terminology.hl7.org/ValueSet/v3-TribalEntityUS	Version: 2.0.0
Active as of 2014-03-26	Computable Name: TribalEntityUS
Other Identifiers: : urn:oid:2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.11631	

INDIAN ENTITIES RECOGNIZED AND ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE SERVICES FROM THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

References

This value set is not used here; it may be used elsewhere (e.g. specifications and/or implementations that use this content)

9.1138.1.1 Logical Definition (CLD)

This value set includes codes based on the following rules:

- Import all the codes that are contained in <http://terminology.hl7.org/ValueSet/v3-NativeEntityAlaska>
- Import all the codes that are contained in <http://terminology.hl7.org/ValueSet/v3-NativeEntityContiguous>
- Include all codes defined in <http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-TribalEntityUS>

9.1138.1.2 Expansion

This value set contains 566 concepts

Expansion based on:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">NativeEntityAlaska v2.0.0 (ValueSet)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">TribalEntityUS v2.1.0 (CodeSystem)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">NativeEntityContiguous v2.0.0 (ValueSet)	

All codes in this table are from the system <http://terminology.hl7.org/CodeSystem/v3-TribalEntityUS>

Code	Display	Definition
338	Village of Afognak	
339	Agdaagux Tribe of King Cove	
340	Native Village of Akhiok	
341	Akiachak Native Community	
342	Akiak Native Community	
343	Native Village of Akutan	
344	Village of Alakanuk	
345	Alatna Village	
346	Native Village of Aleknagik	
347	Algaaciq Native Village (St. Mary's)	
348	Allakaket Village	
349	Native Village of Ambler	
350	Village of Anaktuvuk Pass	
351	Yupit of Andreafski	
352	Angoon Community Association	
353	Village of Aniak	
354	Anvik Village	
355	Arctic Village (See Native Village of Venetie Trib	
356	Asa carsarmiut Tribe (formerly Native Village of M	
357	Native Village of Atka	
358	Village of Atmautluak	
359	Atkasuk Village (Atkasook)	
360	Native Village of Barrow Inupiat Traditional Gover	
361	Beaver Village	
362	Native Village of Belkofski	
363	Village of Bill Moore's Slough	
364	Birch Creek Tribe	
365	Native Village of Brevig Mission	
366	Native Village of Buckland	
367	Native Village of Cantwell	
368	Native Village of Chanega (aka Chenega)	
369	Chalkyitsik Village	
370	Village of Chefornak	
371	Chevak Native Village	
372	Chickaloon Native Village	

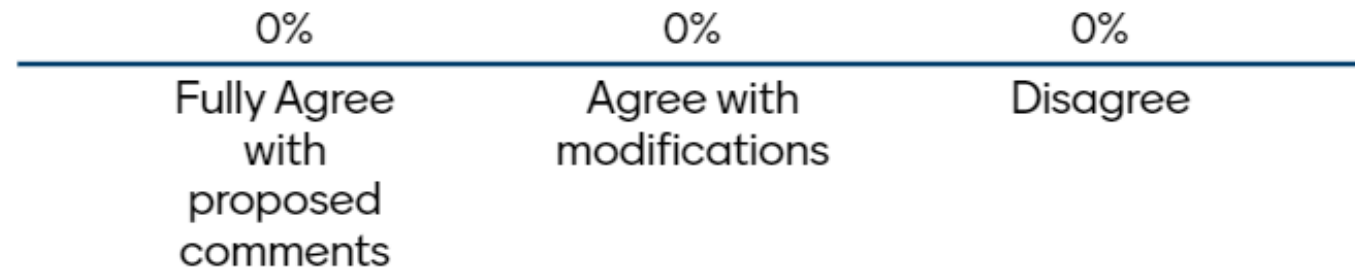
Tribal Affiliation: NACHC Response

NACHC believes tribal affiliation is foundational component of patient identity and required for patient-centered care. We strongly support the use of the code systems and codes described by the Tribal Entity code systems to ensure robust and patient-centered support for patients with tribal affiliation in the US healthcare system.

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693



Tribal Affiliation



Date of Death

Patient Demographics

- First Name
- Last Name
- Middle Name (including middle initial)
- Suffix
- Previous Name
- Date of Birth
- Date of Death** ★
- Race
- Ethnicity
- Tribal Affiliation ★
- Sex (Assigned at Birth)
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender Identity
- Preferred Language
- Current Address
- Previous Address
- Phone Number
- Phone Number Type
- Email Address
- Related Person's Name ★
- Related Person's Relationship ★
- Occupation ★
- Occupation Industry ★

Use Case Description(s)	
Use Case Description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Systematic awareness and data life cycle completeness in regards to a Patient records and data maintainers (i.e. Providers and Health Plans) 2. Meaningful analytic driven guidance relating to disease tracking, patient longevity, and population trends. 3. Population studies – include or exclude members based on living status from study criteria will have more accurate outcomes and or interventions 4. Bereavement considerations impacting family members. Payers could reduce member notification to member and family or better service survivors on next steps 5. Health Plans can reduce fraud and abuse by monitoring claim activity for deceased membership.
Estimated number of stakeholders capturing, accessing using or exchanging	>1M+ : This would be used by multiple entities (plans , providers, health proxies) for the individuals and for population health uses.
Use Case Description	Date of death is required to be captured in inpatient certified EHR systems as part of ONC's 2015 Certification
Estimated number of stakeholders capturing, accessing using or exchanging	All inpatient EHRs are required to capture date of death in their certified EHRs.
Link to use case project page	https://www.healthit.gov/test-method/demographics
Healthcare Aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improving the health of populations • Reducing the cost of care • Improving provider experience of care

Maturity of Use and Technical Specifications for Data Element	
Applicable Standard(s)	Follow the DOB format
Additional Specifications	<p>HL7 USCore Implementation Guide v3.1.0 and v3.1.1 (Errata release) both allow for capturing deceased as either a Boolean (yes/no) or the date of death in the Patient profile. (Reference Link)</p> <p>However, neither version of the USCore Implementation Guide state the element as a Must Support or required. USCore would need to bring the Patient profile up-to-date if the proposed Date of Death element is approved for USCDI v2.</p>

7.6.1 Resource Profile: Observation - Death Date

Official URL: http://hl7.org/fhir/us/mdi/StructureDefinition/Observation-death-date	Version: 1.0.0-ballot
Active as of 2022-03-31	Computable Name: ObservationDeathDate

7.6.1.1.1 Terminology Bindings

Path	Conformance	ValueSet / Code
Observation.language	preferred	CommonLanguages Max Binding: AllLanguages
Observation.status	required	Fixed Value: final
Observation.category	preferred	ObservationCategoryCodes
Observation.code	example	Pattern: LOINC code 81956-5
Observation.dataAbsentReason	extensible	DataAbsentReason
Observation.interpretation	extensible	ObservationInterpretationCodes
Observation.bodySite	example	SNOMEDCTBodyStructures
Observation.method	extensible	ValueSetDateEstablishmentMethods
Observation.referenceRange.type	preferred	ObservationReferenceRangeMeaningCodes
Observation.referenceRange.appliesTo	example	ObservationReferenceRangeAppliesToCodes
Observation.component.code	example	Pattern: LOINC code 80616-6
Observation.component.dataAbsentReason	extensible	DataAbsentReason
Observation.component.interpretation	extensible	ObservationInterpretationCodes

Submitted By: Jeff Lyall / Cigna	
Data Element Information	
Use Case Description(s)	
Use Case Description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Systematic awareness and data life cycle completeness in regards to a Patient records and data maintainers (i.e. Providers and Health Plans) 2. Meaningful analytic driven guidance relating to disease tracking, patient longevity, and population trends. 3. Population studies – include or exclude members based on living status from study criteria will have more accurate outcomes and or interventions 4. Bereavement considerations impacting family members. Payers could reduce member notification to member and family or better service survivors on next steps 5. Health Plans can reduce fraud and abuse by monitoring claim activity for deceased membership.
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Link to use case project page	https://www.healthit.gov/test-method/demographics
Healthcare Aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improving the health of populations • Reducing the cost of care • Improving provider experience of care

Maturity of Use and Technical Specifications for Data Element	
Applicable Standard(s)	Follow the DOB format
Additional Specifications	<p>HL7 USCore Implementation Guide v3.1.0 and v3.1.1 (Errata release) both allow for capturing deceased as either a Boolean (yes/no) or the date of death in the Patient profile. (Reference Link)</p> <p>However, neither version of the USCore Implementation Guide state the element as a Must Support or required. USCore would need to bring the Patient profile up-to-date if the proposed Date of Death element is approved for USCDI v2.</p>
Current Use	In limited use in production environments
Number of organizations/individuals with which this data element has been electronically exchanged	N/A
Potential Challenges	
Restrictions on Standardization (e.g. proprietary code)	N/A
Restrictions on Use (e.g. licensing, user fees)	N/A
Privacy and Security Concerns	Same security measure apply to this data element.
Estimate of Overall Burden	EMR capture expiration dates

86345-6

U.S. standard certificate of death - recommended 2003 revision set

Active

LOINC CODE

80616-6

LONG COMMON NAME

Date and time pronounced dead [US Standard Certificate of Death]

LOINC STATUS

Active

Term Description

Contains the set of terms used in the 2003 version of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death.

Source: Regenstrief LOINC

Panel Hierarchy

- Details for each LOINC in Panel
- LHC-Forms

LOINC	Name	R/O/C	Cardinality	Example UCUM Units
86345-6	U.S. standard certificate of death - recommended 2003 revision set			
69434-9	Location of death name Facility			
69435-6	Street address where death occurred if not facility			
74499-5	Death pronouncer details			
80616-6	Date and time pronounced dead [US Standard Certificate of Death]			{TmStp}
31211-6	Date of death			
69454-7	Death date comment			
74497-9	Was the medical examiner or coroner contacted?			
69453-9	Cause of death [US Standard Certificate of Death]			
69440-6	Disease onset to death interval			
69441-4	Other significant causes or conditions of death	R		
80905-3	Body disposition method			
69436-4	Were autopsy findings available to complete the cause of death?			
69443-0	Did tobacco use contribute to death			
69442-2	Timing of recent pregnancy in relation to death			
69449-7	Manner of death			
71481-6	Did the death of this person involve injury of any kind			
69445-5	Injury date	C		
69446-3	Injury date comment	C		
69450-5	Place of injury	C		
69444-8	Injury at work?			
69447-1	Injury location Narrative	C		
11374-6	Injury incident description Narrative	C		
69448-9	Injury leading to death associated with transportation event	C		
69451-3	If transportation injury, specify:			
74734-5	Death certifier details			
69437-2	Death certifier [Type]			
69439-8	Death certifier Address			
69452-1	Coroner - medical examiner case number			
21843-8	History of Usual occupation			
21844-6	History of Usual industry			
80913-7	Highest level of education [US Standard Certificate of Death]			
69438-0	Forensic medicine Referral note			

Term Description

This term was created for, but not limited in use to, the CDC HL7 Version 2.6 Implementation Guide: Reporting Death Information from the EHR to Vital Records, R1.2.

Source: Regenstrief LOINC

Part Description

LP203285-4 **Date and time pronounced dead**

The date and time the decedent was pronounced dead.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Fully-Specified Name

Component	Date and time pronounced dead
Property	TmStp
Time	Pt
System	^Patient
Scale	Qn
Method	US standard certificate of death

Basic Attributes

Class	SURVEY.CDC
Type	Surveys
First Released	Version 2.56
Last Updated	Version 2.56
Order vs. Observation	Observation

U.S. STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

ITEMS 24-28 MUST BE COMPLETED BY PERSON WHO PRONOUNCES OR CERTIFIES DEATH		24. DATE PRONOUNCED DEAD (Mo/Day/Yr)	25. TIME PRONOUNCED DEAD
26. SIGNATURE OF PERSON PRONOUNCING DEATH (Only when applicable)		27. LICENSE NUMBER	28. DATE SIGNED (Mo/Day/Yr)
29. ACTUAL OR PRESUMED DATE OF DEATH (Mo/Day/Yr) (Spell Month)	30. ACTUAL OR PRESUMED TIME OF DEATH	31. WAS MEDICAL EXAMINER OR CORONER CONTACTED? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

86345-6

U.S. standard certificate of death - recommended 2003 revision set

Active

Term Description

Contains the set of terms used in the 2003 version of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death.

Source: Regenstrief LOINC

Panel Hierarchy

Details for each LOINC in Panel LHC-Forms

LOINC	Name	R/O/C	Cardinality	Example UCUM Units
86345-6	U.S. standard certificate of death - recommended 2003 revision set			
69434-9	Location of death name Facility			
69435-6	Street address where death occurred if not facility			
74499-5	Death pronouncer details			
80616-6	Date and time pronounced dead [US Standard Certificate of Death]			{TmStp}
31211-6	Date of death			
69454-7	Death date comment			

LOINC CODE	LONG COMMON NAME	LOINC STATUS
31211-6	Date of death	Discouraged

Status Information

LOINC CODE	LONG COMMON NAME	LOINC STATUS
31211-6	Date of death	Discouraged

Comment

This term is discouraged because it is ambiguous - the Component is "Date of death" with a Property of "TmStp", which implies date and time of death. Mapping to two new terms, one for "Date of death" with Property "Date", and one for "Date and time of death" with Property "TmStp".

Map-To	Long Common Name	Mapping Guidance
81956-5	Date and time of death [TimeStamp]	Date and time of death [TmStp]
81954-0	Date of death [Date]	Date of death [Date]

Member of these Panels

LOINC	Long Common Name
78000-7	Case notification panel [CDC.PHIN]
75199-0	Congenital syphilis case investigation and report panel [CDC.CS]
52747-3	Continuity Assessment Record and Evaluation (CARE) tool - Expired
68359-9	End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Death Notification - OMB CMS form 2746
47245-6	HIV treatment form Document
48547-4	Omaha System 2005 panel
85057-8	PCORnet Common Data Model set - version 3.0 [PCORnet]
86345-6	U.S. standard certificate of death - recommended 2003 revision set

81956-5

Date and time of death [TimeStamp]

Active

Fully-Specified Name

Component	Date and time of death
Property	TmStp
Time	Pt
System	^Patient
Scale	Qn
Method	

Additional Names

Short Name	Date+time of death
------------	--------------------

Basic Attributes

Class	ADMIN.PATIENT
Type	Clinical
First Released	Version 2.56
Last Updated	Version 2.66
Order vs. Observation	Observation

81954-0

Date of death [Date]

Active

Fully-Specified Name

Component	Date of death
Property	Date
Time	Pt
System	^Patient
Scale	Qn
Method	


Additional Names

Short Name	Date of death
------------	---------------

Basic Attributes

Class	ADMIN.PATIENT
Type	Clinical
First Released	Version 2.56
Last Updated	Version 2.66
Order vs. Observation	Observation

"Patient Characteristic, Expired"

QDM Datatype 

Performance/Reporting Period: 2022

QDM Datatype (QDM Version 5.5 Guidance Update):

The "Patient Characteristic Expired" data element should document that the patient is deceased.

Timing: The "Patient Characteristic, Expired" is a single point in time representing the date and time of death. It does not have a start and stop time.

Note: *Patient Characteristic Expired* is fixed to SNOMED-CT® code 419099009 (Dead) and therefore cannot be further qualified with a value set.

QDM Category (QDM Version 5.5 Guidance Update)

Individual Characteristic

Individual Characteristic represents specific factors about a patient, clinician, provider, or facility. Included are demographics, behavioral factors, social or cultural factors, available resources, and preferences. Behaviors reference responses or actions that affect (either positively or negatively) health or healthcare. Included in this category are mental health issues, adherence issues unrelated to other factors or resources, coping ability, grief issues, and substance use/abuse. Social/cultural factors are characteristics of an individual related to family/caregiver support, education, and literacy (including health literacy), primary language, cultural beliefs (including health beliefs), persistent life stressors, spiritual and religious beliefs, immigration status, and history of abuse or neglect. Resources are means available to a patient to meet health and healthcare needs, which might include caregiver support, insurance coverage, financial resources, and community resources to which the patient is already connected and from which the patient is receiving benefit. Preferences are choices made by patients and their caregivers relative to options for care or treatment (including scheduling, care experience, and meeting of personal health goals) and the sharing and disclosure of their health information.

Data Elements defined by this QDM Datatype:

["Patient Characteristic, Expired": "Dead (finding)"]

QDM Attributes

cause

The recorded cause of death.

Note: Previous versions of the QDM referred to this attribute as reason.

expiredDateTime

The date and time that the patient passed away.

Code System Concept

Code System Concept Code	419099009
Code System Concept Name	Dead (finding)
Code System Preferred Concept Name	Dead (finding)
Concept Status	Published
Concept Status Date	09/01/2020
Code System Name	SNOMED-CT

Dead (finding) {419099009, SNOMED-CT}

 Parent/Child (Relationship Type)

-  [Dead - death without witness \(finding\) {702710003, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Dead - expected \(finding\) {418646009, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Dead - sudden death \(finding\) {418362005, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Dead - suspicious death \(finding\) {419393000, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Dead - unexpected \(finding\) {419697005, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Dead on arrival at hospital \(finding\) {63238001, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Died without sign of disease \(finding\) {89816009, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status - grade 5 \(finding\) {423409001, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Finding of place of death \(finding\) {366044004, SNOMED-CT}](#)
-  [Found dead \(finding\) {419973004, SNOMED-CT}](#)

Date of Death: NACHC Response

NACHC is supportive of a standards-based concept of date and time of death; however, we feel more guidance and support would be useful to accompany this concept. The USCDiv3 submission page does not point to a specific concept for date of death.

NACHC suggests the use of the LOINC code 80616-6 as the appropriate term due to its use in federal programs for death reporting and certification.

NACHC is sensitive to the fact that in some use cases a date of death may be available but not a time, and so suggests that the implementation guidance in this case addresses the situation in which date but not time are available by defaulting to a null time or by linking this code to the clinical date of death code 81954-0 which specifies a date and not a date/time and could be mapped to an 80616-6 code with a null time.

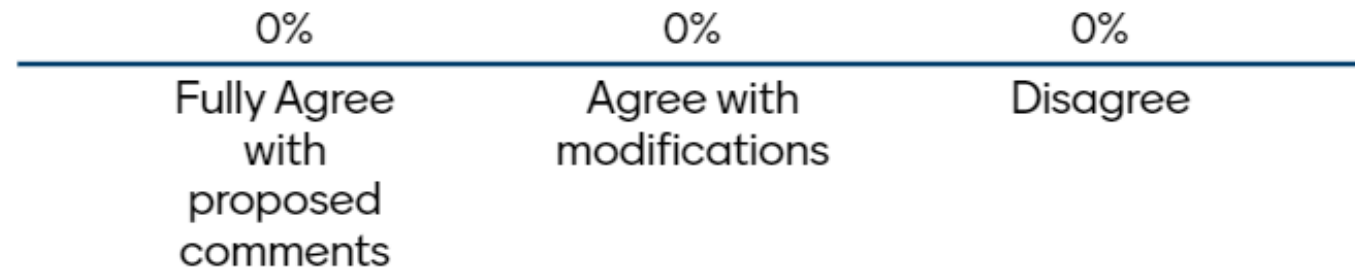
It should be noted that the FHIR profile referenced in comment for *DeathCertification* references SNOMED-CT concepts and not LOINC and it is expected that the USCore profile would reference the LOINC code for both patient deceased (SCT 419099009) and date of death (80616-6)

This approach encourages the transmission of the death certificate data for clinical care and mandatory reporting to subsequent providers and for potential research use cases.

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693




Date of Death



Health Insurance Information

Health Insurance Information

Data related to an individual's insurance coverage for health care.

 Draft USCDI V3

 Level 2

Data Element

Coverage Status

The presence or absence of coverage for a particular encounter or claim.

Coverage Type

Categories of health care payors (e.g. Medicare, TRICARE, Commercial Managed Care - PPO).

Relationship to Subscriber

Relationship of a person to the primary insured person in an insurance plan.

Member Identifier

Identifies an individual covered by the benefits offered by an employer or healthcare insurer.

Subscriber Identifier

The identifier assigned to the individual that selects benefits offered by an employer or healthcare insurer.

Group Number

The identifier associated with a specific health insurance plan typically provided through an employer.

Payer Identifier

The identifier defining a payer entity.

Maturity of Use and Technical Specifications for Data Element

Applicable Standard(s)	NUBC, CPT, HCPCS, HIPPS, ICD-9, ICD-10, DRGs, NDC, POS, NCPDP codes, and X12 codes. http://hl7.org/fhir/us/car-in-bb/artifacts.html#5
Additional Specifications	HL7® FHIR® US Core Implementation Guide v3.1.1 based on FHIR R4

- AMA CPT: The CPT procedure and modifier codes are owned by the American Medical Association.
- X12: CARC (Claim Adjustment Reason Codes are owned by X12..
- NUBC: The NUBC secretariat is the American Hospital Association..
- NUCC: National Uniform Claim Committee (NUCC) is presently maintaining the Taxonomy code set. The codes are free and publically available for download and use. If the use however is "For commercial use, including sales or licensing, a license must be obtained". It would be appropriate for an app developer to file the license form just like they would for any other code set; however, there is no fee.
- NCPDP: Retail Pharmacy data standards are defined by the NCPDP .
- 3M APR-DRG: AP-DRGs and APR-DRGs are owned by 3M. Use of AP-DRGs and APR-DRGs require a license.

Code Systems Not Requiring Licenses

This IG includes value set bindings to code systems that are industry standard codes available for use without licenses. The following information summarizes the set of Code Systems required by this IG that are available for use:

- ICD-CM Diagnosis Codes (ICD-10-CM): International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD). This IG will use version 10. The ICD-10-CM code set is maintained by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for use in the United States. It is based on ICD-10, which was developed by the World Health Organization (WHO) and is used internationally a medical classification.
- ICD-Procedure Codes (ICD-PCS): The ICD-10-PCS code set is owned by CMS..
- DRGs.:MS-DRGs are owned by CMS. MS-DRGs are used for the Medicare population.
- HCPCS Level II Procedure and Modifier Codes: Primarily include non-physician products, supplies, and procedures not included in CPT. They are owned by CMS and are available for use.
- NDC (National Drug Codes): The US Federal Drug Administration (FDA) Data Standards Council assigns the first 5 digits of the 11 digit code..
- RARCCodes: The RARC codes are owned by CMS.

Health Insurance Information: NACHC Response

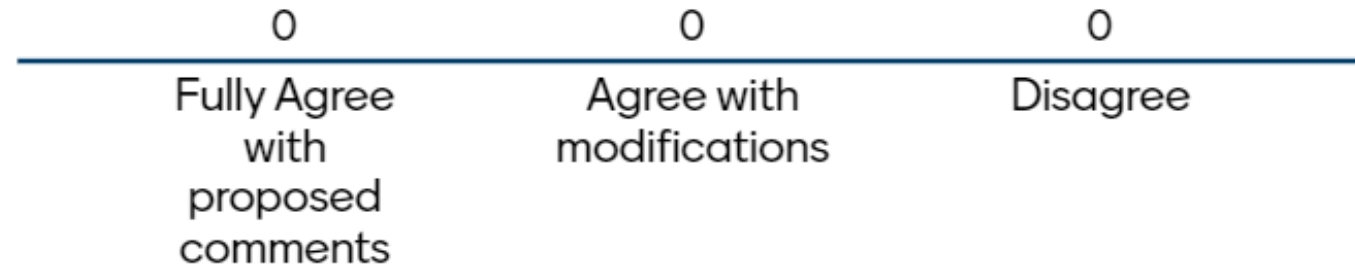
NACHC believes health insurance information is critical to support patient access and care systems that support care. Interoperable health insurance information ensures robust and patient-centered support for health center patients enrolled in different health insurance information the US healthcare system.

We support the use of the code systems and codes described by the Health Insurance submission; however, this submission is lacking granularity in many of its component data elements. We have extracted the appropriate terminology bindings that we have imputed from the standards linked to these proposals and suggest harmonization with the work from DaVinci as part of the final submission.

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693



Health Insurance



PRAPARE and SDoH Content

Social Determinants of Health

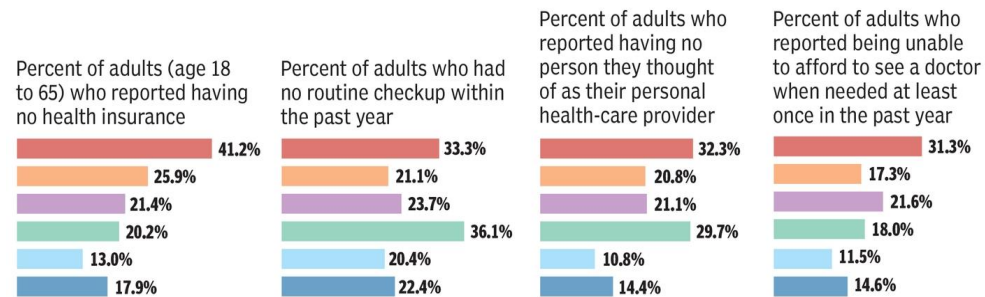
- Social determinants of health are conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, and age that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality-of-life outcomes and risks. By working to establish policies that positively influence social and economic conditions and those that support changes in individual behavior, we can improve health for large numbers of people in ways that can be sustained over time

Social Determinants of Health

Health and race

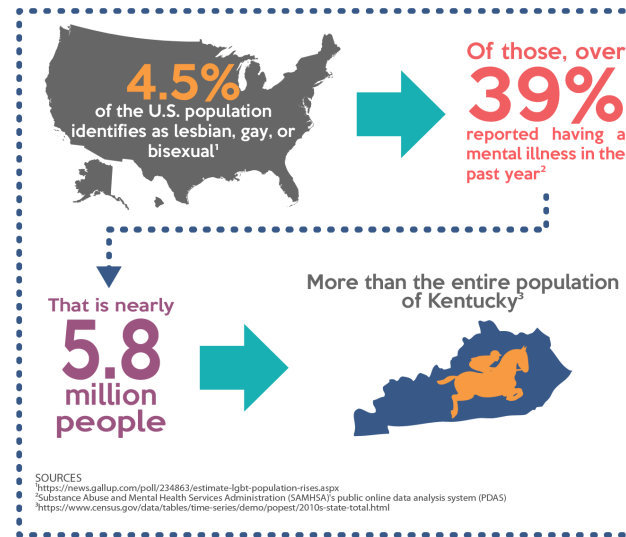
Racial and ethnic disparities in access to health care for Rhode Island residents.

Hispanic/Latino Black/African-American Native American Asian & Pacific Islander White State



SOURCE: R.I. Department of Health Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-2013

THE PROVIDENCE JOURNAL



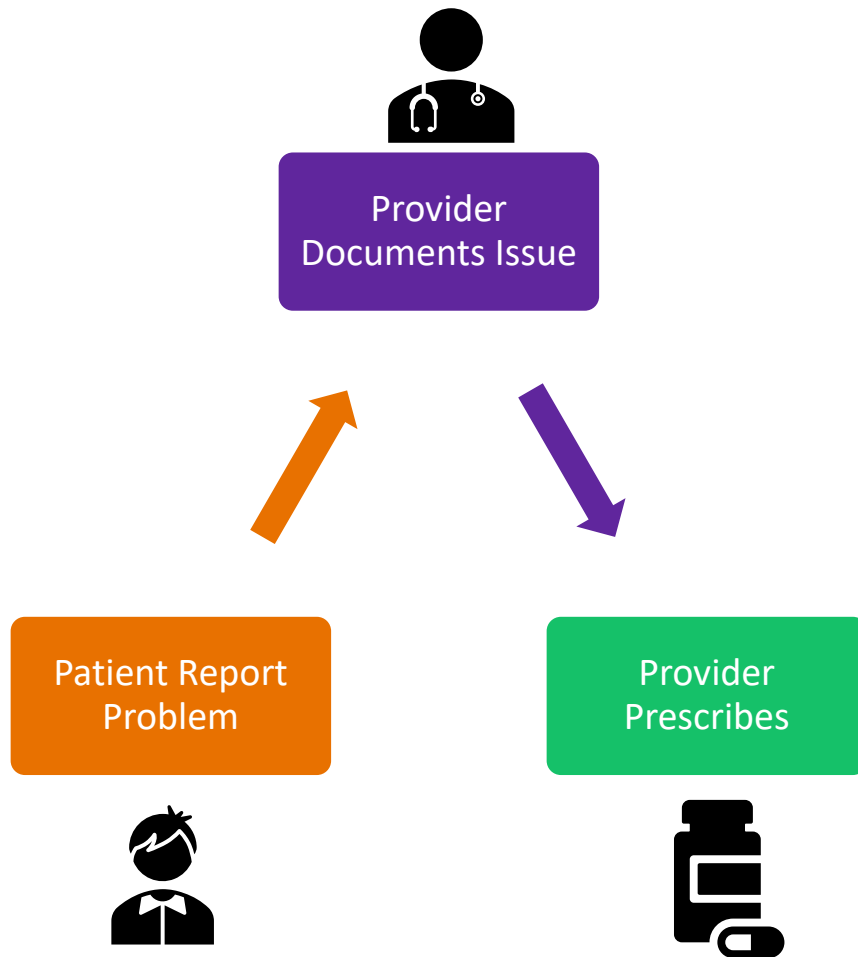
OUT2ENROLL LGBT HEALTH AWARENESS WEEK

LGBT communities have a lot to gain by enrolling in health insurance

the facts

- LGBT people are:
 - 2x more likely to smoke
 - 10x less likely to get cancer screening
 - 79x more likely to be diagnosed with HIV
- 1 in 4 low- & middle-income LGBT people are uninsured
- all LGBT people are protected from discrimination.

#OUTVISIBLE www.out2enroll.org @out2enroll

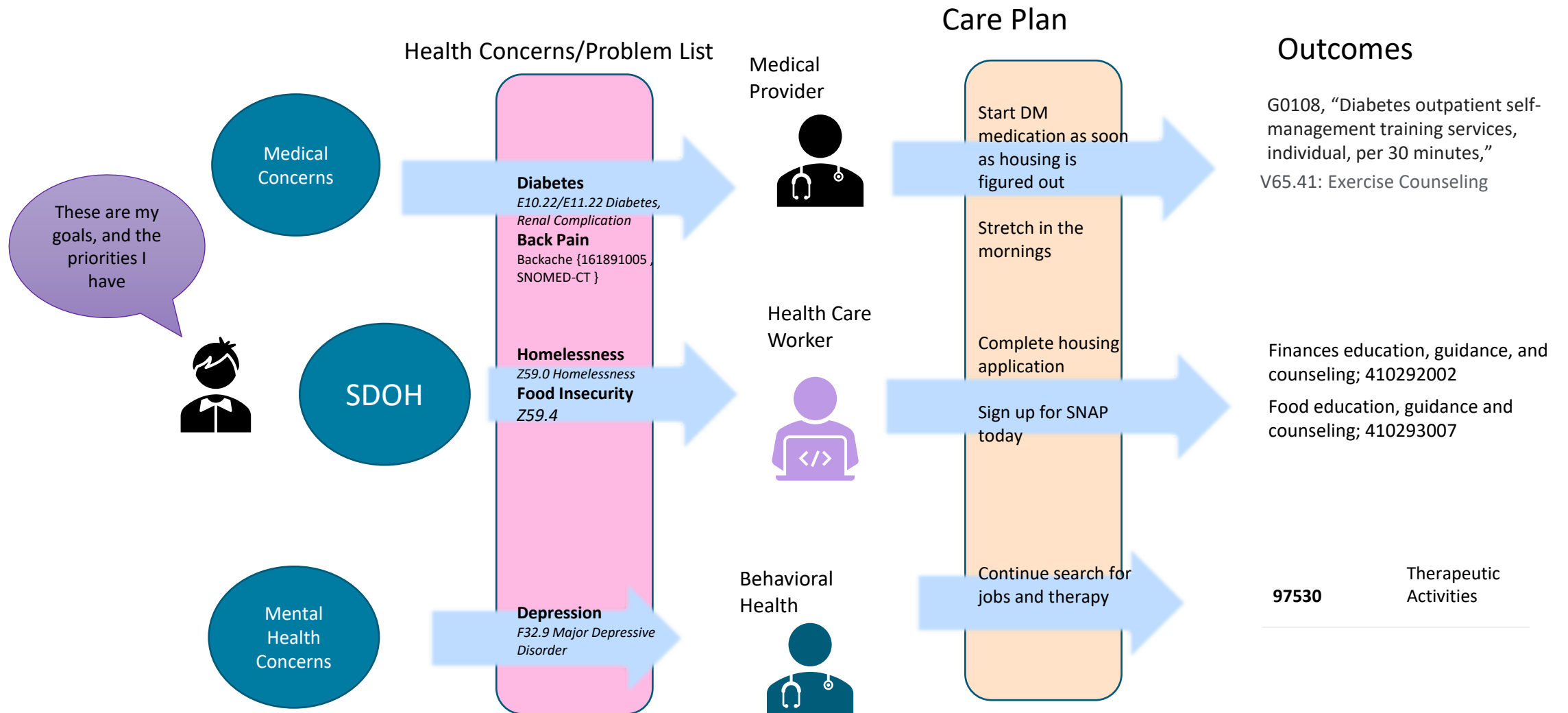


Typical approach

The provider is the keeper of the problem list

Responsible for updating and maintaining it

A new approach



ISA SDOH Elements

The Interoperability Standards Advisory (ISA) is an attempt to provide a scan of all the standards-based content that supports interoperability, below are the SDOH data elements described on ISA

- Alcohol Use
- Drug Use
- IPV
- **Financial Resource Strain**
- **Food Insecurity**
- **Housing insecurity**
- **Level of Education**
- Physical Activity
- Social Capital
- **Stress**
- **Transportation Insecurity**
- Vaping
- Secondhand smoking



PRAPARE

A national standardized patient risk assessment protocol built into the EHR designed to engage patients in assessing and addressing social determinants of health

Customizable Implementation and Action Approach

Assess Needs



Respond to Needs

At the Patient and Population Level

www.nachc.org

56

PRAPARE Design

- **COMPREHENSIVE** yet low burden, parsimonious, and relevant for health centers nationally
- **STANDARDIZED** Measures Linked with standardized codes
- **EVIDENCE-BASED and STAKEHOLDER-DRIVEN**
 - Developed and tested by health centers
 - Validated
- **WORKFLOW AGNOSTIC** Can fit within existing workflows and be combined with other tools/data
- **EMBEDDED IN HIT**
- **PATIENT-CENTERED**
 - Meant to facilitate conversations and build relationships with patients
 - Standardize the need rather than the question
- **ACTIONABLE** at patient and population level

HIT Enabled

- Built into the EHR
 - E.g., NextGen, eCW, GE Centricity, Greenway Intergrity, Epic, Cerner, Meditab (others in progress)
- Social Service Referral Platforms
 - E.g., UniteUs, Aunt Bertha, and others
- Care Management platforms
- Other



PRAPARE CODING AND DATA DICTIONARY

- Crosswalks including ICD10, LOINC, Snomed
- New proposed codes for PRAPARE responses in process: ICD10, LOINC
- PRAPARE Data Documentation available in Toolkit

A194 Material Security

Questions	Response Categories	Coding Instructions	PRAPARE Codes	ICD-10 Z Codes	Proposed UHC ICD10 SDH Codes	Meaningful Use Codes (LOINC)	Snomed Codes (Version 2017-03)	PRAPARE Pilot Reporting Numerator	PRAPARE Pilot Reporting Denominator (include only patients with at least 1 encounter in the past calendar year)
<p>Rationale: Material security encompasses both presence of resources and presence of skills and knowledge to manage resources. It is common in households that have material insecurity that patients must make tradeoffs to meet their needs. For example, they may choose not to fill a prescription in order to get food on the table. Overall material security has been linked to many disparities (JOM, Phase I Report, 2014). Material insecurity has a validated relationship with forgoing care and with cost outcomes (Bodemann et al., 2014).</p> <p>Source: Adapted from Bodemann et al, 2014 using stakeholder input</p> <p>Minimum Update: Every visit</p>									
<p>In the past year, have you or any family members you live with been unable to get any of the following when it was really needed? (Check all that apply.)</p>									
Food	Yes		Food0	Z53.4 Lack of adequate food		1; LA15832-1 (Very hard); 2; LA14745-6 (Hard); 3; LA22683-9 (Somewhat)		# of patients that checked food as unmet need	Total patients
	No		Food1			4; LA22682-1 (Not very hard)	445281000124101 (nutrition impaired due to limited access to healthful foods)		
Clothing	Yes		Clt0		Z53.66 (Lack of adequate clothing)			# of patients that checked clothing as unmet need	Total patients
	No		Clt1						
Utilities	Yes		Util0	Z53.1 Inadequate housing (lack of heat, restriction of space, technical home defects, unsatisfactory)	Z53.62 (Unable to pay for utilities)	1; LA15832-1 (Very hard); 2; LA14745-6 (Hard); 3; LA22683-9 (Somewhat)		# of patients that checked utilities as unmet need	Total patients
	No		Util1			4; LA22682-1 (Not very hard)			
Child care	Yes		ChC0	Z76.2 Care of healthy child (Encounter for health supervision and care of other healthy infant and child)	Z53.68 (Unable to pay for child care)	Z5301-3: Rate all your child's health care in the last 12 months		# of patients that checked child care as unmet need	Total patients

Core Optional

PRAPARE DOMAINS

Core	
UDS SDH Domains	Non-UDS SDH Domains (MU-3)
1. Race	10. Education
2. Ethnicity	11. Employment
3. Veteran Status	12. Material Security
4. Farmworker Status	13. Social Isolation
5. English Proficiency	14. Stress
6. Income	15. Transportation
7. Insurance	
8. Neighborhood	
9. Housing Status and Stability	

Optional	
1. Incarceration History	3. Domestic Violence
2. Safety	4. Refugee Status

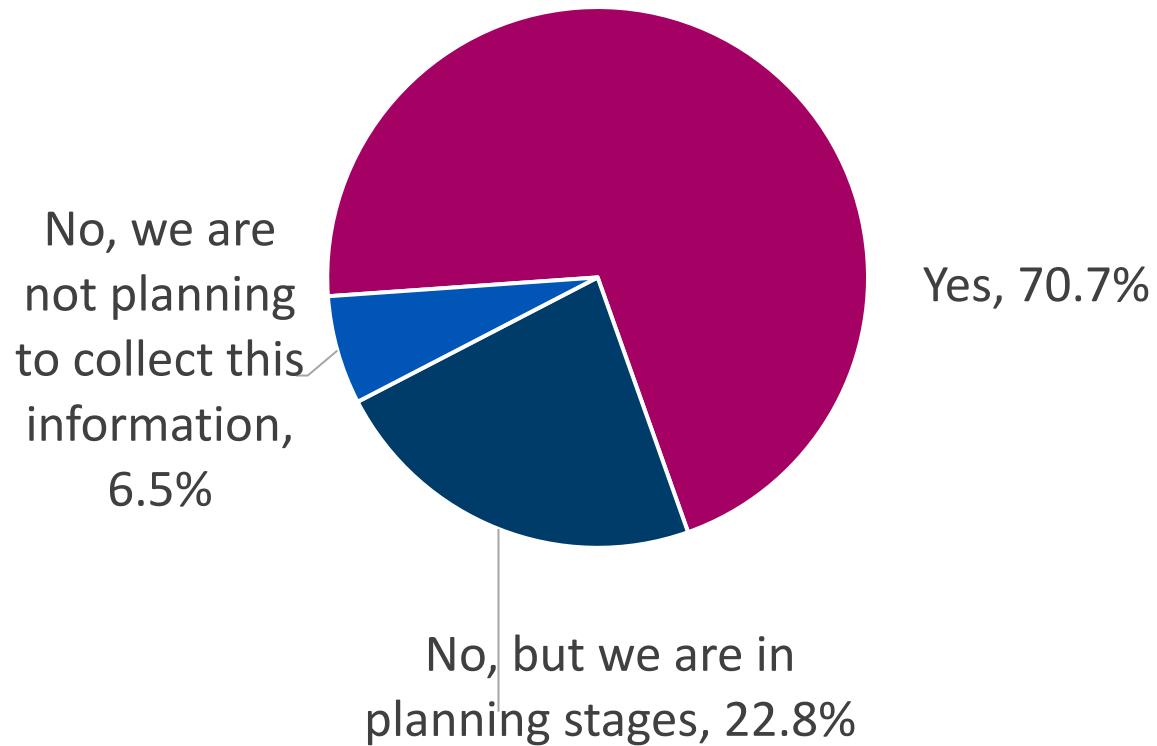
USER EXPERIENCES

- Easy to administer
- Possible to implement using various workflows and staffing models
- Builds patient-provider relationship
- Identifies new needs
- Leads to positive changes at the patient, health center, and community/population levels
- Facilitates collaboration with community partners
- Importance of targeted messaging and staff support
- Demonstrates patients are complex

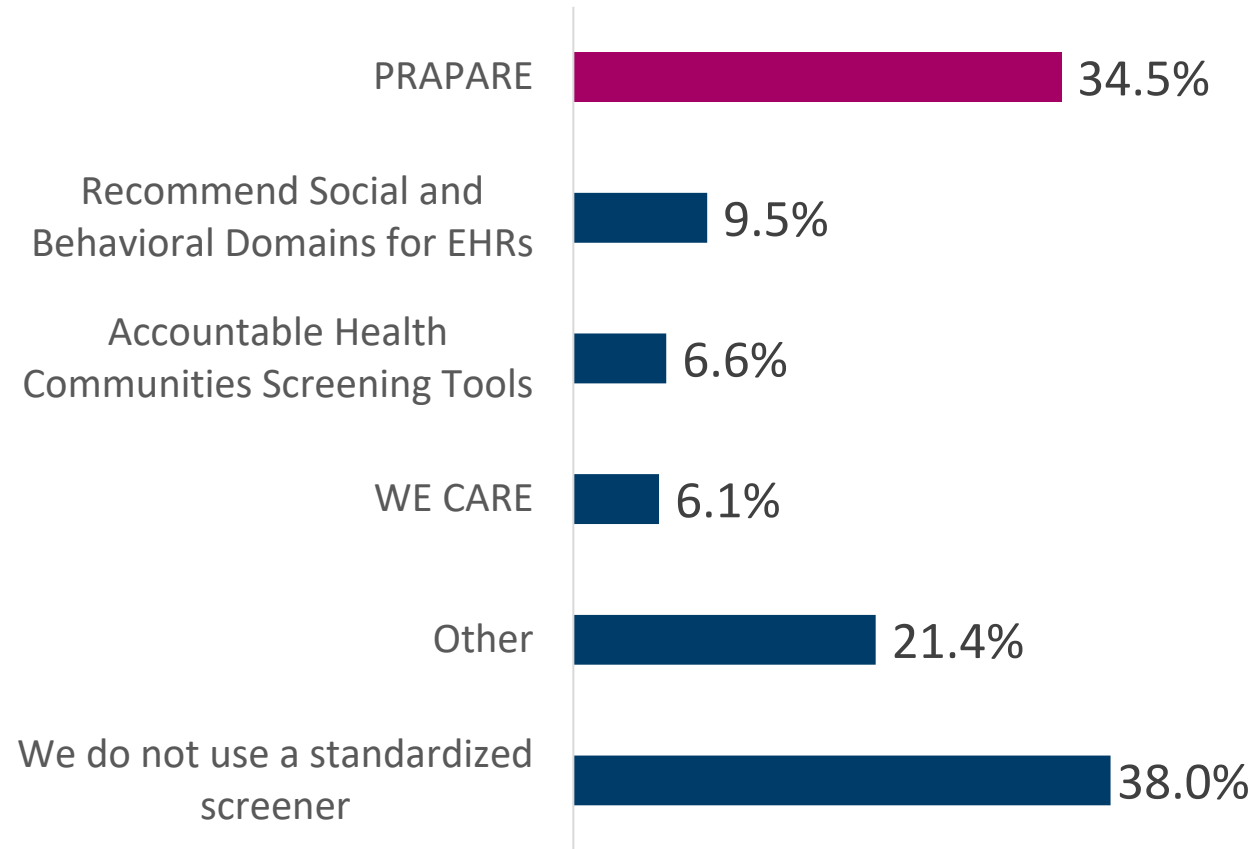
Publication pending. Do not quote or distribute without permission from NACHC.

National SDOH Screening 2019

Does your health center collect data on individual patients social risk factors, outside of the data reportable in the UDS?

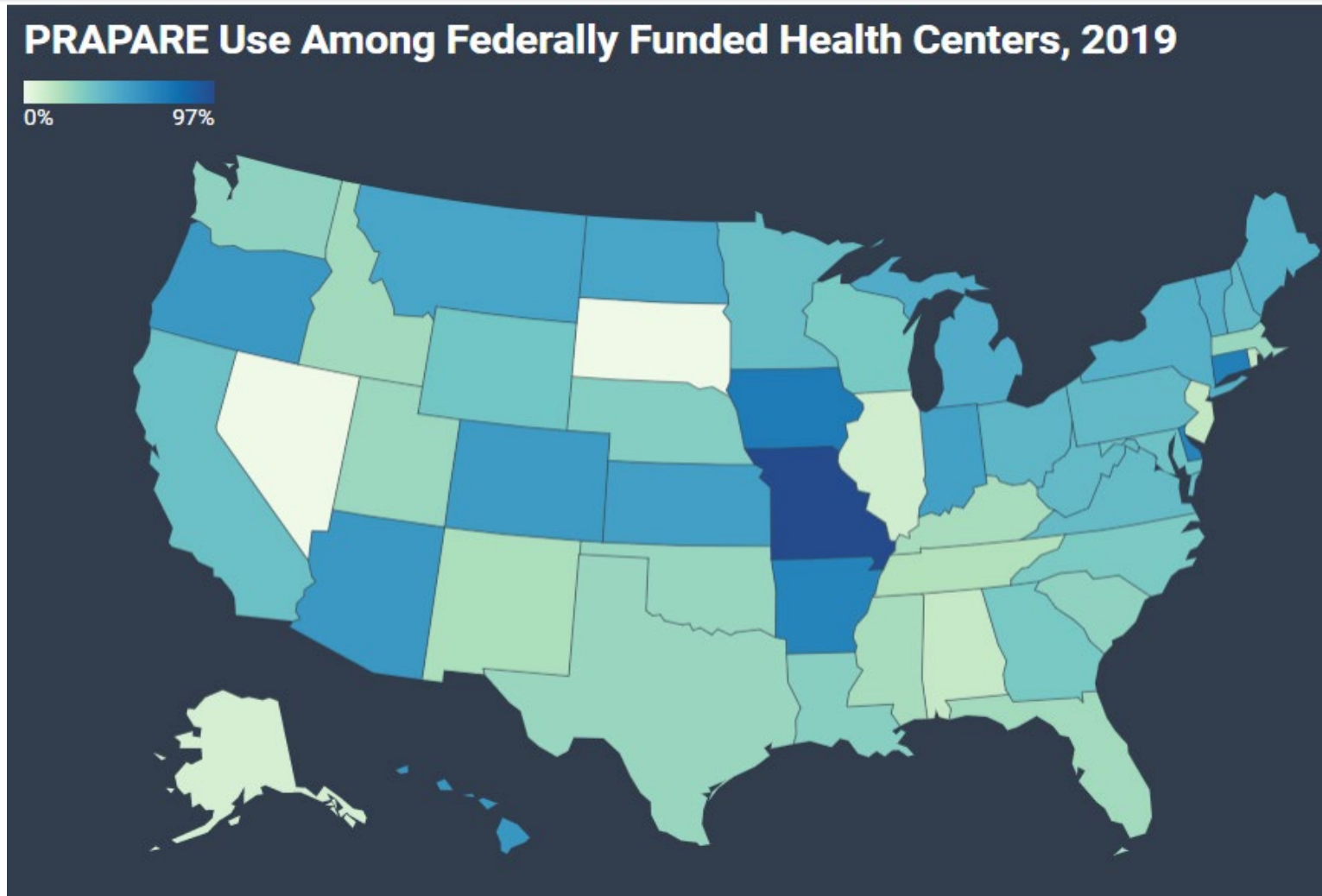


Which standardized screener(s) for social risk factors, if any, do you use?



National PRAPARE Use 2019

<http://bit.ly/PRAPAREMap2019>



Note: Excludes Health Center Program Look-Alikes and may underestimate the true volume of federally funded health centers using PRAPARE. For example, data may not capture all health centers accessing PRAPARE through some Electronic Health Records or other Health Information Technology platforms, and does not capture health centers using parts of PRAPARE.



SDOH Assessment

For (1) Food Insecurity: LOINC, SNOMED-CT, ICD-10-CM, and CPT/HCPCS terminologies are specified by value sets in NLM's Value Set Authority Center (VSAC).

For (2) Housing Instability and Homelessness, (3) Inadequate Housing, (4) Transportation Insecurity, (5) Financial Strain, (6) Social Isolation, (7) Stress, (8) Interpersonal Violence, (9) Education, (10) Employment, and (11) Veteran Status:

- The corresponding value sets are under development by the Gravity Project.
- The value sets will be complete prior to publishing of USCDI v2.0;
- Even if a particular value set might be incomplete, the value set will be citable.

The details of the domains and specific consensus-approved value sets for each of the activities will be externally maintained as part of a hierarchy of LOINC panels and, where necessary, VSAC value sets referenced by the LOINC panels. The proposed structure is as follows:

Survey (Panel) LOINC code

a. Food Insecurity Domain (Panel) (LOINC code)

i. Food Insecurity Assessment (Panel) (LOINC code)

1. Value set (LOINC codes)

ii. Food Insecurity Health Concerns (Panel) (LOINC code)

1. Value set (SNOMED-CT and ICD-10-CM)

iii. Food Insecurity Goals (Panel) (LOINC code)

1. Value set (LOINC codes)

iv. Food Insecurity Interventions (Panel) (LOINC code)

1. Value set (SNOMED-CT, HCPCS, CPT, LOINC)

v. Food Insecurity Outcomes (Panel) (LOINC code)

1. Value set (LOINC codes)

b. Domain: Housing Instability and Homelessness

c. Etc.

<https://vsac.nlm.nih.gov/>

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

- Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®) version 2.71
- SNOMED International, Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT®) U.S. Edition, January 2022 Release

View Submission +

Submitted By: Mark Savage for Gravity Project / Gravity Project

Data Element Information

Rationale for Separate Consideration

The Assessment is focused on risks specific to SDOH and uses constrained code systems and value sets to express specific risks using the structured assessments. The ability to document and communicate this element is essential to establishing and communicating the exact assessment questions and answers to provide detailed information on the nature of a specific SDOH risk across the various involved entities (e.g., providers, payers, social services, community-based organizations, etc.).

Use Case Description(s)

Use Case Description

- Documentation and exchange SDOH data related to (1) assessments of risks, (2) the declaration of problems/health concerns, problems, and diagnoses, (3) the establishment of specific goals, (4) the identification of interventions, (5) tracking outcomes, and (6) recording and exchanging consent, where needed, to share the SDOH-related data.
- Specifically, the Gravity Project is establishing specific value sets for (1) assessments, (2) problems/health concerns, (3) goals, (4) interventions, (5) outcomes, and (6) consent to facilitate appropriate coding for each with respect to the following SDOH domains: (1) Food Insecurity, (2) Housing Instability and Homelessness, (3) Inadequate Housing, (4) Transportation Insecurity, (5), Financial Strain, (6) Social Isolation, (7) Stress, (8) Interpersonal Violence, (9) Education, (10) Employment, and (11) Veteran Status, in conjunction with the patient encounter. By supporting these data elements and specific domains, we will be able to communicate the SDOH risks of an individual to all of the stakeholders in a structured, unambiguous way that will facilitate interventions to address them and tracking outcomes. <https://confluence.hl7.org/display/GRAV/Gravity+Use+Case+Package>

Representing Financial Resource Strain

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	● ○ ○ ○ ○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A single-item question used to determine the patient's overall financial resource strain developed from the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study is best suited for this interoperability need. ▪ See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Overall financial resource strain (CARDIA) LOINC® code 76513-1 ▪ LOINC® answer list ID LL3266-5

Representing Food Insecurity

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	ICD-10-CM	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	CPT-4	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	\$	N/A
Standard	HCPCS	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Hunger Vital Sign [HVS] is a 2-question food insecurity screening tool based on the US Household Food Security Scale developed by Children's Health Watch. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services uses the HVS in the Accountable Health Communities screening tool. ▪ SNOMED CT® is used to represent conditions, observations, and non-medical interventions related to Social Determinants of Health. ▪ ICD-10 Z55-Z65 is used to capture diagnoses related to certain Social Determinants of Health. ▪ CPT-4 and HCPCS is used to capture medical and non-medical procedures and interventions related to Social Determinants of Health. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LOINC® 88121-9 Hunger Vital Sign [HVS] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LOINC® 88122-7 Within the past 12 months we worried whether our food would run out before we got money to buy more [U.S. FSS] ▪ LOINC® 88123-5 Within the past 12 months the food we bought just didn't last and we didn't have money to get more [U.S. FSS] ▪ LOINC® 88124-3 Food insecurity risk [HVS] ▪ LOINC® 93025-5 Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks, and Experiences [PRAPARE] Panel

Representing Housing Insecurity

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	ICD-10-CM	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	CPT-4	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	\$	N/A
Standard	HCPCS	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Housing situation screening question is part of the Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks, and Experiences [PRAPARE] screening instrument licensed by the National Association of Community Health Centers (NACHC). LOINC® is used to represent screening assessments related to Social Determinants of Health. SNOMED CT® is used to represent conditions, findings and observations related to Social Determinants of Health. ICD-10 Z55-Z65 codes are used to capture diagnoses related to certain Social Determinants of Health. CPT-4 and HCPCS are used to capture medical and non-medical procedures and interventions related to Social Determinants of Health. 	<p>What is your current housing situation? (LOINC® code 71802-3)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Answer list (LOINC® code LL5350-5) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I have housing I do not have housing (staying with others, in a hotel, in a shelter, living outside on the street, on a beach, in a car, or in a park) I choose not to answer that question <p>Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks, and Experiences [PRAPARE] Panel (LOINC® code 93025-5)</p>

Representing Level of Education

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A single question, "current educational attainment" used to determine the highest grade or level of school completed or highest degree received, developed as part of the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) is best suited for this interoperability need. See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current educational attainment (NHANES) LOINC® code 63504-5 LOINC® answer list ID LL1069-5

Representing Social Connection and Isolation

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	● ○ ○ ○ ○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Social connection and isolation panel is a set of five questions used to assess the number of types of social relationships on which a patient is connected and not isolated. It was developed for the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), and is best suited for this interoperability need. ▪ See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. ▪ Identification of loneliness and isolation is assessed in PAC assessments and included in the CMS Data Element Library and mapped to health IT standards. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Social connection and isolation panel LOINC® code 76506-5 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Member codes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LOINC® code 63503-7 (with LOINC answer list ID LL1068-7) ▪ LOINC® code 76508-1 ▪ LOINC® code 76509-9 ▪ LOINC® code 76510-7 ▪ LOINC® code 76511-5 (with LOINC answer list ID LL963-0) ▪ Social isolation score LOINC® code 76512-3 ▪ LOINC® code 93159-2

Representing Stress

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	● ○ ○ ○ ○	Yes	Free	N/A

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A single-question stress measure primarily tested in Scandinavian populations is part of the Occupational Stress Questionnaire™ (Q41) developed by the Finnish Institute of Occupational Health is best suited for this interoperability need. ▪ See LOINC projects in the Interoperability Proving Ground. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Occupational Stress Questionnaire™ Q41 LOINC® code 76542-0 ▪ LOINC® answer list LL3267-3

Representing Transportation Insecurity

Type	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	LOINC®	Final	Production	● ● ● ● ●	No	Free	No
Standard	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No
Standard	ICD-10-CM	Final	Production	Feedback Requested	No	Free	No

Limitations, Dependencies, and Preconditions for Consideration	Applicable Value Set(s) and Starter Set(s)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transportation insecurity screening question is part of the screening Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks, and Experiences [PRAPARE] screening instrument licensed by the National Association of Community Health Centers (NACHC). SNOMED CT® is used to represent conditions, findings and observations related to Social Determinants of Health. ICD-10 Z55-Z65 codes are used to capture diagnoses related to certain Social Determinants of Health. Transportation insecurity screening is collected in CMS Post-acute Care assessments, included in the CMS Data Element Library and mapped to LOINC 93030-5. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, work, or from getting things needed for daily living? [PRAPARE] (LOINC® code 93030-5) Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks, and Experiences [PRAPARE] Panel (LOINC® code 93025-5)

Social Determinants of Health: NACHC Comment

NACHC believes social determinants or drivers of health are critical to understanding patients' life situations, barriers to wellness, health risks and unmet needs. Health centers have as part of their mission providing patient-centered care and meeting patients' needs with essential services. Well-specified SDOH data is crucial to shared accountability for meeting patient needs and addressing these in the context of quality of care and community barriers to health.

NACHC strongly supports a requirement to share SDOH data; however, we believe the current requirements in USCDI v2 and v3 are inadequate to support SDOH data capture, patient needs and most importantly, interventions to meet these needs. NACHC proposes instead that ONC reference specific SDOH domains using coded data element identifiers and value sets for coded responses linked to validated tools. There is a critical need for an SDOH data model that includes appropriate metadata and links to intervention/referral loops and care plans.

Social Determinants of Health: NACHC Comment

We propose advancing the SDOH domains of:

- **Financial Resource Strain**
- **Food Insecurity**
- **Housing Insecurity**
- **Level of Education**
- **Social Connection and Isolation**
- **Stress**
- **Transportation Insecurity**

NACHC believes that much more work is indicated in this data class and is actively participating in standards and terminology efforts to advance this class including OHDSI, Gravity and a health-center effort on SDOH Harmonization. However, the domains listed here have been used in EHRs across the country for more than 5 years and are used in all 50 states by health centers and other social and healthcare organizations and are certainly mature enough for promotion given the critical role of SDOH data in health equity and reducing health disparities.

Goals

An expressed desired health state to be achieved by a subject of care (or family/group).

<https://www.healthit.gov/isa/taxonomy/term/1836/draft-uscdi-v3>

USCDI V1 | USCDI V2 | **Draft USCDI V3** | Comment

Data Element

Additional Information

SDOH Goals

Identifies a future desired condition or change in condition related to an SDOH risk in any domain and is established by the patient or provider. (e.g., Has adequate quality meals and snacks, Transportation security-able to access health and social needs). SDOH data relate to conditions in which people live, learn, work, and play and their effects on health risks and outcomes.

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

- SNOMED International, Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT®) U.S. Edition, January 2022 Release
- Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®) version 2.71

SDOH Goals: NACHC Comment

NACHC is strongly supportive of the use of the Goals concept already present in UCSDI and does not agree with the proposal to break up goals into multiple data elements based on the domain of the care plan. The intent of the Care Plan DAM is to normalize problem list items with other health concerns and social needs on a relatively equal footing and to refocus the care plans around the patient’s stated goals. The effect of creating a separate concept for SDOH goals undoes the intent of Goals as described by the DAM. While it seems that coded elements would improve interoperability, in fact coded goals in the sense of social services and health concerns reduces the patient-centered nature of the Goals concept and instead encourages care team members to document a generic “goal” which is not the one stated by the patient but instead the closest coded concept. The use of coded terms should not be prohibited, but the emphasis of the goals field should be on the patient’s stated goals in addition to those which might be added by care team members (e.g. increased ROM to 90* or Hba1c <7)

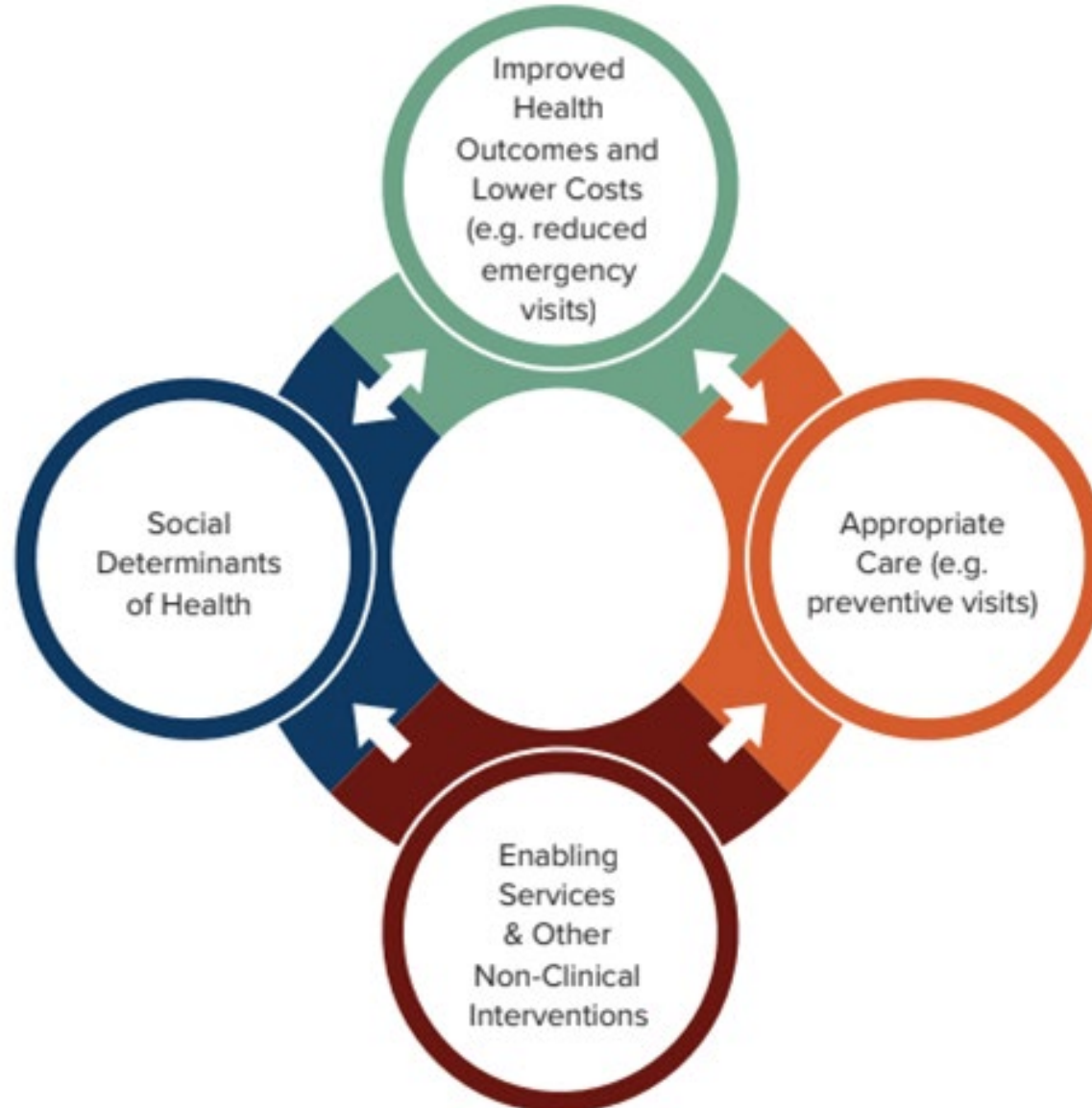
Social Interventions



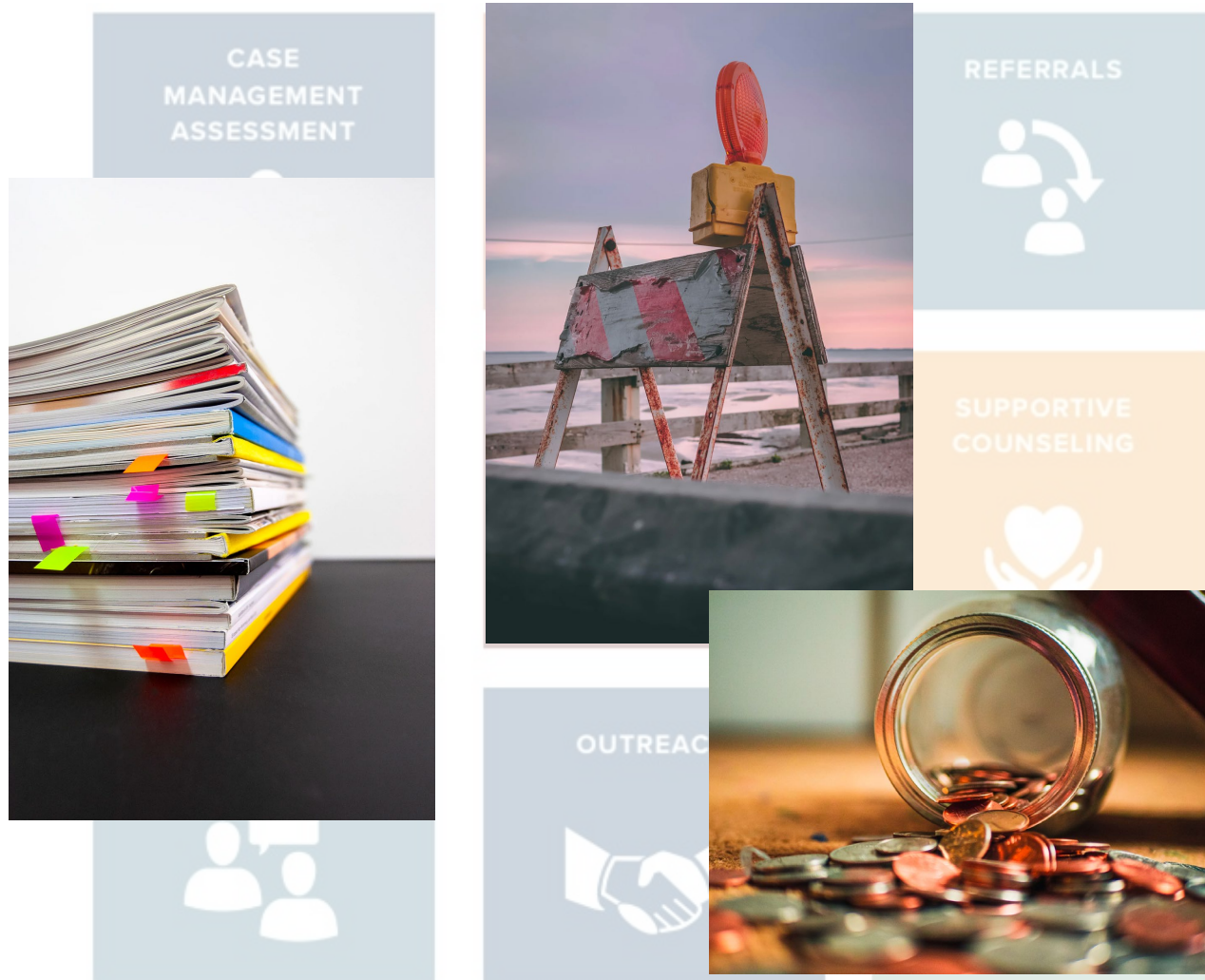
*Social Interventions =
Non-clinical services that
address non-medical, health-
related social determinant of
health needs*

*-Adapted from National Academies of
Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine report,
2019*

Social interventions include enabling services and other non-clinical interventions



Challenges for Social interventions



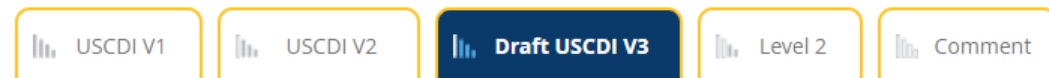
- Little data available
- No reimbursement
- No funding by payers
- Sustainability of social interventions & programs

PRAPARE 2.0: Social Interventions

Code	Name
RE001	Racial/Ethnic Support Services
FW001	Farmworker Support Services
VN001	Veteran Support Services
IN001	Interpretation Services
HS001	Housing Support Services
FC001	Financial Counseling/Eligibility Assistance
ED001	Education Support Services
EM001	Employment Support Services
FD001	Food Support Services
UT001	Utilities Support Services
CC001	Child Care Support Services
MH001	Medicine or Health Care Support Services

Code	Name
CL001	Clothing Support Services
PH001	Phone Support Services
OM001	Other Material Security Support Services
MT001	Medical Transportation Services
NMT001	Non-Medical Transportation Services
SI001	Social Integration Support Services
ST001	Mental Health Support Services
IN001	Incarceration Support Services
RE001	Refugee Support Services
ST001	Safety Support Services
DV001	Domestic Violence Support Services
OT001	Other Social Intervention Service

An activity that is performed with or on a patient as part of the provision of care.



Data Element

SDOH Interventions

A service offered to a patient to address identified Social Determinants of Health concerns, problems, or diagnoses (e.g., Education about Meals on Wheels Program, Referral to transportation support programs). SDOH data relate to conditions in which people live, learn, work, and play and their effects on health risks and outcomes.

Additional Information

Applicable Vocabulary Standard(s)

- SNOMED International, Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT®) U.S. Edition, January 2022 Release
- Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) 2021, as maintained and distributed by the American Medical Association, for physician services and other health care services
- Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II, as maintained and distributed by HHS.

Social Interventions: NACHC Comment

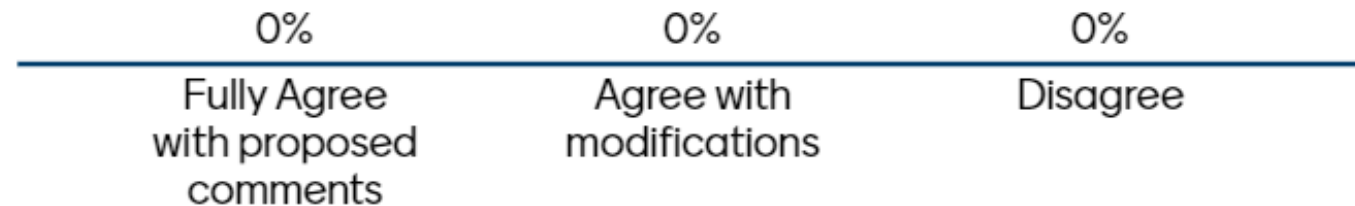
NACHC believes social determinants or drivers of health are critical to understanding patients' life situations, barriers to wellness, health risks and unmet needs. Health centers have as part of their mission providing patient-centered care and meeting patients' needs with essential services. Well-specified SDOH data is crucial to shared accountability for meeting patient needs and addressing these in the context of quality of care and community barriers to health.

NACHC believes that the reference at the code system level does not add to interoperability for SDOH Interventions and instead encourages ONC to point to specific value sets and data element codes for the specific interventions that would be used to respond to SDOH domains.

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 2954 4693



Social Determinants of Health



Upcoming NACHC Virtual Event

Learning Collaborative on Using Data
to Improve Care Sessions 3 & 4

May 9 & 13, 12:00-1:30 PM Eastern



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