

**Subject: Health Center Employee Stance Against Racism** 

Guidance from FTLF (Leifer, Glomb) in response to a PCA inquiry brought to NACHC Communications Office 6/10/2020.

## Scenario:

A Health Center employee contacted a PCA for guidance. The Health Center employee wants to take a public stance against racism in local hometown but was told by their employer Health Center that employees are not allowed to take a public stance because of the "strict requirements" on FQHCs regarding political engagement. The employee, who is a provider, wants to read the rule that states the limitations on health center employees, but feels it's risky to ask the employer for it.

What can a health center employee do "as an individual on their own time" compared to what an employee can do "as a federally funded position during work hours" as it relates to taking a vocal stand on racism locally.

## FTLF Response and Guidance:

As a matter of federal law (specifically, the Internal Revenue Code and cost principles for expending Federal grant funds), health center employees may not engage in political campaign activities "on company time". Lobbying activities, including grass roots as well as direct lobbying activities, are permitted, provided (1) the time and other associated costs are not charged directly or indirectly to Section 330 or other federal grants, and (2) the health center's aggregate lobbying activities are not "substantial", as regulated by the IRS for 501c(3) corporations. If one can reasonably assert that the subject matter of the advocacy furthers project objectives, the employees' time can be charged to Section 330-related program income.

Note that speaking out against racism generally would not constitute political campaign activity or even lobbying (unless the advocacy supports or opposes proposed legislation or the modification, extension or repeal of existing legislation).

A particular health center may wish to be more restrictive, e.g., due to local political or other concerns. That said, employees have First Amendment rights and may speak out against racism, but may be instructed not to do so "on company time", nor use the health center's name or any health center resources.

As far as what constitutes "on company time", that will depend on whether the employee has a defined work week (35 hours? 40 hours?), with a specific schedule (eg 8:30am to 5pm with a 1/2 break for lunch at noon) versus more flexibility. In any event, the employee can take unpaid leave for time spent on personal advocacy efforts, and the health center should maintain appropriate documentation of leave taken.

## Summary:

This is not the sort of activity that constitutes political campaign activity or lobbying. In that regard, if the health center employee does engage in political campaign activity or lobbying on their own time the employee should not suggest that they speak for the center or that the center supports their position.