December 2024

Telehealth



Ensuring Patients Have Access to Virtual Care

Almost all (99%) of Community Health Centers utilize telehealth to meet their patients' needs. **Telehealth** services help address geographic, economic, transportation, and linguistic barriers to health access while boosting staff retention and decreasing no-shows and missed appointments. Health centers pioneered the use of telehealth to expand access to high-quality healthcare services, especially behavioral health services, in high-need areas and reach more than 32 million patients.

<u>The Facts</u>

- In 2022, Congress passed legislation to extend key telehealth flexibilities from the COVID-19 pandemic through December 2024.
- Telehealth has been critical in delivering comprehensive primary and preventive healthcare to health center patients. Health centers provided **18 million virtual visits**. While most were for primary medical services, **almost 40% of visits were for behavioral health services**.
- Telehealth programs are especially critical in rural areas (including over 40 percent of health centers), where many residents can face long distances to see a provider. In 2023, **97 percent of rural health centers** reported using telehealth to care for patients.
- Audio-only telehealth plays a crucial role in breaking down barriers for Medicare beneficiaries who may struggle with technology in using a smartphone, webcam, or broadband connection. A nationwide survey of health center patients revealed that a significant proportion of those over 65 (83%) used audio-only telehealth, compared to the overall sample (50%).
- The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) recently proposed a **short-term administrative fix** that will continue enabling health centers to provide telehealth services for seniors. **Congressional action is necessary for a permanent solution that provides long-term certainty for senior health center patients.**
- Health centers must be reimbursed for all telehealth services, including audio-only services, at a rate equal to in-person care. Currently, Medicare reimburses health centers for telehealth services at less than half the in-person rate for most visits. This disparity limits seniors' access to telehealth.

How You Can Help

- Support at least a two-year extension to Medicare telehealth flexibilities as part of a year-end health package. Key legislation includes the CONNECT for Health Act (H.R. 4189/S. 2016) and the Telehealth Modernization Act (H.R. 7623). These bills modernize Medicare policy by recognizing health centers as "distant sites" and removing "originating site" restrictions, allowing telehealth coverage wherever the patient or provider is located, and harmonizing payment between in-person and virtual visits.
- Additionally, the **Telehealth Modernization Act includes coverage of audio-only care.** This bill was voted out unanimously from the House Energy and Commerce Committee earlier this year.

